**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** 

For The Year Ended September 30, 2011

Kathy B. Hollomon, CPA County Auditor

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

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Havanno County Courthouse

NAVARRO COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE

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Kathy B. Hollomon, CPA County Auditor

Phone: (903) 654-3095 Fax: (903) 654-3097

Terri Gillen, First Assistant Junefe Beard, Internal Auditor Anne Johnson, Assistant Natalie Robinson, Assistant Gloria Turner, Assistant Patty Wells, Assistant

March 29, 2012

Honorable District Judge of Navarro County and Honorable Members of the Navarro County Commissioners Court

The County Auditor's office proudly presents the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Navarro County, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. This report is submitted in compliance with Section 114.025 of the *Texas Local Government Code*.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Navarro County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect County assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the basic financial statements will be free from material misstatement. Responsibility for internal controls is shared by the Commissioners Court, which is the governing body of the County, the County Auditor, who is appointed by the District Judge, and the County Treasurer. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Navarro County's basic financial statements have been audited by Pattillo, Brown and Hill, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the County, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of this report.

The independent audit of the basic financial statements of Navarro County was part of a broader, federally mandated *Single Audit* designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal

controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are presented in the Compliance Section of the report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The introduction includes this transmittal letter, the County's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Navarro County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the Financial Section of this report. The financial section also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statement, notes, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in addition to the report of the independent auditors on the financial statements and schedules. The statistical section of this report includes selected financial and demographic information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 44. This information is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

#### PROFILE OF NAVARRO COUNTY

Navarro County is located in north central Texas and is strategically central to the economic regions of Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and New Mexico, as well as centrally located within the United States. The County region was opened for settlement by the Mexican colonization laws and was included in an impresario grant to Thomas J. Chambers on September 23, 1834. The first Texas legislature created the County from Robertson County on March 30, 1846 and designated the town of Corsicana as a temporary seat of justice. The County's name honors Jose Antonio Navarro, a Texas patriot who chose the name Corsicana in honor of the Isle of Corsica, his father's birthplace. The County encompasses an area of 1,086 square miles. According to the recently released 2010 Census, the estimated population for the County was 47,812.

The County is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four Commissioners and the County Judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5 Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The Commissioners Court sets the tax rate, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County and develops and adopts the County budget within the resources as estimated by the County Judge as assisted by the County Auditor. The Commissioners Court is also responsible for developing policies and orders, approving financial commitments and appointing various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioners Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners Court for approval.

The County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local government units. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budget hearings are posted annually in July, August and September, with the final budget approved by the Commissioners Court following the hearings. The final budget includes contingency and emergency reserve line items. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Most appropriated budgets are prepared by fund, function, department and category. Capital expenditures are approved on a line item basis. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

An understanding of the financial condition of Navarro County is enhanced through a perspective of the environment in which the County operates.

**Local Economy** – The County's economy has been based primarily on agriculture and oil and gas exploration and production for many decades. However, the county is becoming more economically diversified due to the efforts of an aggressive industrial development team, working in conjunction with the Chamber of Commerce and the Navarro College Small Business Development Center, as well as tax abatements offered by most governmental entities in the County. These benefits have been responsible for a number of larger companies considering the County as a desirable area for expansion and development.

Although Navarro County has been resilient to the majority of the downturn in the global economy, during 2011 the County saw some impact on local businesses. Snyder's-Lance Inc., opened in 1963 as Tom's Foods, announced plans for closure of the Corsicana facility to reduce operating costs while consolidating production costs into other manufacturing locations. As a result, in February 2012, approximately 102 employees have been laid off. Sew Team No. 3 - Corsicana, located on West Highway 31 with approximately 38 employees, closed due to the loss of its largest contract to an offshore company located in the Dominican Republic. Also, Columbia Manufacturing closed both of its Corsicana manufacturing facilities resulting in the lay-off of approximately 10 employees. The company officials cited decline in market share, increased competition, and decreasing demand as reasons for the closure.

However, the commitment of our local industries toward supporting Navarro County remains solid. In January 2011, the expansions of Pactiv Corporation and Russell Stover Candies were added to the property tax rolls. The Pactiv Corporation expansion is valued at \$3,175,000 and created 20 new full time jobs. Russell Stover Candies completed its addition of two new product lines totaling \$2,249,238 and creating a total of 55 new fulltime jobs.

During the spring of 2011, Corsicana Bedding, Inc. (CBI), an important strategic partner with Corsicana since 1971, relocated its corporate offices to 3001 South US Highway 287, on property that was formerly owned by National Envelope, Inc. In addition, CBI acquired the former Adams Brand Hats property, located at 1101 North I-45 Business, to facilitate an extension of its manufacturing operation into location. During 2011, CBI created 239 new fulltime jobs in Navarro County. During the summer of 2011, Southern Marketing Affiliates, Inc. (SMA) relocated its distribution center across town to 4000 East Texas Highway 31, on property that was formerly owned by JELD-WEN, Inc. Also in 2011, CorsiTech, Inc. purchased property formerly owned by Primex Plastics, Inc. to be used for expansion of the Navarro County operation.

Navarro County has a long history associated with the oil and natural gas industry. United Pipe & Steel Corporation selected Corsicana as the home for its expansion project during 2011. The company has moved into the former Chattanooga Glass manufacturing facility located at the intersection of US Highway 287 and I-45.

The Applebee's Neighborhood Grill and Bar opened on November 14, 2011. The restaurant is located in the Corsicana Crossing retail center and directly along the newly constructed Mountain Drive that connects the IH-45 northbound frontage road with Corsicana Crossing Drive. Also during 2011, The Other Place Restaurant reopened its doors after being closed for several months. And the Pollo Regio Restaurant opened in the repurposed former Long John Silver's property on 7th Avenue.

During the year 2011, Navarro County added a number of new commercial and retail stores including Ag Solutions, Hometown Pharmacy, D&S Produce Plus, Beth's Bling-It Creations, and Cowgirl Click. The growth of the medical and health care industry has resulted in positive growth for Navarro County as well. In July 2011, this growth is underscored by the grand opening of the TRISUN Care Center-Corsicana, conveniently located along Texas Highway 22 directly across from the Navarro Regional Hospital. Moreover, TRISUN expanded its presence in Navarro County when it acquired Heritage Oaks Retirement Village and the Heritage Oaks-West Nursing Center.

Lott Physical Therapy has also expanded into Navarro County, constructing a new therapeutic facility along 2nd Avenue and adjacent to the law offices of Moe and Dunn, PLLC. Other medical and health care related businesses opened facilities in Corsicana in 2011, including Guardian Healthwise, Picasso Dental-Corsicana, Global Care Home Health Agency, IntegraCare- Corsicana, and Navarro Dental Center.

Located at 3400 West 2nd Avenue, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows (I.O.O.F.) and Rebekah has been a cornerstone for Navarro County since its Children's Home was established in 1885 on 200 acres of land in Corsicana. On October 26, 2011, the Odd Fellows of Texas opened the new 20,000 square foot, 750-seat, I.O.O.F. Event Center in Corsicana. Immediately adjacent to the IOOF Events Center, the Grand Lodge Administrative Offices has been remodeled and repurposed to include state-of-the-art meeting rooms with storage areas for memorabilia. Other great special event centers that opened in 2011 include The Remington, located in the Corsicana Downtown Historic District at 122 West 3rd Avenue, and TAYLOROSA, located in the former First Christian Church building at 3704 W State Highway 22.

Just across 2nd Avenue from the I.O.O.F. and on the Navarro College-Corsicana campus, the Cook Education Center was expanded by approximately 9,000 square feet. This new expansion doubles the size of the atrium, increasing the center's capacity to over 500 seats, including a conference/meeting room that will accommodate 100 people. The center will be the new location for the well-known Robert Reading Indian Artifact Collection.

In the recent past, the economic condition of the County has been marginal at best. Through the cooperation of governmental entities and county citizens, new development is taking place, and local residents are becoming actively involved in creating an atmosphere that attracts the type of business and industry that will allow Navarro County to continue to build the diversified economic base necessary to support and sustain growth and prosperity.

**Long-term Financial Planning** – The Commissioners Court continues to be very active in economic development to insure and promote continued growth throughout the County. Vigorous efforts to attract new industry to the area by the Navarro County Commissioners' Court and the Corsicana-Navarro County Chamber of Commerce continue, and the prospect of continued growth in the local economy is very encouraging at this time. The establishment of the Corsicana Navarro County Economic Development Commission, a joint venture with the Chamber of Commerce, the Corsicana Industrial Foundation, the City of Corsicana and Navarro County, has become a significant instrument in promoting economic development in our area. Both Navarro County and the City of Corsicana provide the funding for the Commission which provides economic incentives to companies meeting certain social and economic performance standards. The long-term effect of the current economic growth and development will be to provide sufficient resources to fund County operations while mitigating the overall tax burden on county taxpayers. The long-term effect of the current economic growth and development will be to provide sufficient resources to fund County operations while mitigating the overall tax burden on County taxpayers.

**Major Initiatives** – During 2010, the County received a Texas Historic Courthouse Preservation Program planning grant for restoration of its beautiful courthouse. In conjunction with the Texas Historical Commission and local historical and preservation groups, the County engaged an architectural firm to develop plans for restoring the courthouse to its original beauty and functionality. The planning project continued through 2011, culminating in a December application for a restoration construction grant under the same program. The County learned in February 2012 that approximately one half of the estimated construction cost of \$9.7 million was awarded under the Texas Historic Courthouse Preservation Program. County management is currently considering financing alternatives and other factors related to the potential courthouse restoration project. The County is also searching for a suitable facility for viable temporary housing and a permanent courthouse annex.

In January 2011, the County entered into an Indigent Care Affiliation Agreement with the local hospital, Navarro Regional Hospital. Under the terms of the agreement, the County may, but is not required to, make periodic intergovernmental transfers to the Texas Health and Human Services Commission, thereby making the hospital eligible to receive supplemental payments from the Federal Medicaid Upper Payment Limit (UPL) program. The additional funds from the UPL program will enable the hospital and other health care providers to alleviate some of the County's financial burden of providing indigent care. The County and hospital anticipate that the arrangement will enhance health care services for both indigent residents and the entire community.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Navarro County, Texas for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. This is the 18<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that Navarro County has achieved this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. Only 498 U.S. counties received the award for the 2010 fiscal year. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my appreciation to the staff of the County Auditor's Office for their continuing diligence and dedication to the ever-changing responsibilities of the office. I would also like to thank the District Judge and the Commissioners' Court of Navarro County for their leadership and support during the past year. In addition to these County resources, I would like to thank Lee McCleary, Economic Development Director, City of Corsicana/ Navarro County for his assistance in compiling demographic and statistical data for this report.

Sincerely,

Kathy B. Hollomon

Kathy B. Hollomon, CPA Navarro County Auditor

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to Navarro County Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual **Financial Report** for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010

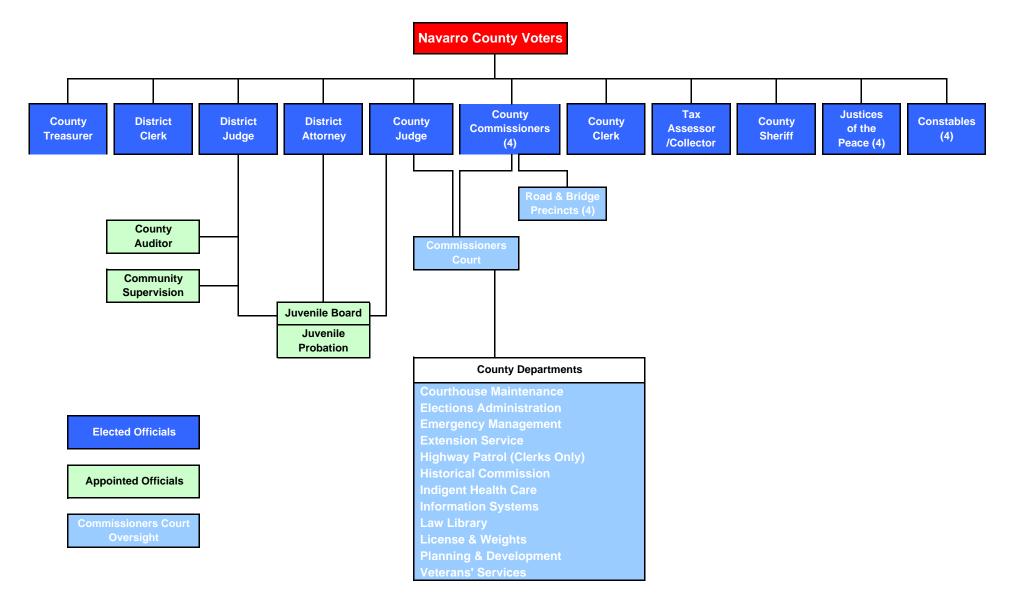
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Dinda C. Danison President Nellow P. Eners

**Executive Director** 

#### NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011



#### **PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

#### **Commissioners Court**

H. M. Davenport, Jr. Kit Herrington Richard "Dick" Martin David "Butch" Warren James Olsen

#### Judicial

James Lagomarsino Vicki Gray Kirby Hill Jackie Freeland Connie Hickman

#### Law Enforcement

Leslie A. Cotten, Sr. R. Lowell Thompson Mike Davis David Foreman Brad K. Butler Tommy Grant Chris Aldama \* Melanie Hyder \*

## **Financial Administration**

Kathy B. Hollomon \* Frank Hull, III Russell P. Hudson

#### **Recording Officials**

Joshua Tackett Sherry Dowd

\* Appointed officials. All others are elected.

County Judge Commissioner, Precinct 1 Commissioner, Precinct 2 Commissioner, Precinct 3 Commissioner, Precinct 4

Judge, 13th Judicial District Court Justice of the Peace, Precinct 1 Justice of the Peace, Precinct 2 Justice of the Peace, Precinct 3 Justice of the Peace, Precinct 4

County Sheriff Criminal District Attorney Constable, Precinct 1 Constable, Precinct 2 Constable, Precinct 3 Constable, Precinct 4 Adult Probation Director Juvenile Probation Director

County Auditor County Treasurer County Tax Assessor-Collector

District Clerk County Clerk THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

# FINANCIAL SECTION

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Navarro County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Navarro County, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Navarro County, Texas' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Navarro County, Texas, as of September 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government's Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 29, 2012, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedules of funding progress on pages 3 through 11 and 40 through 43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Navarro County, Texas' financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of Navarro County, Texas' management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

March 29, 2012

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

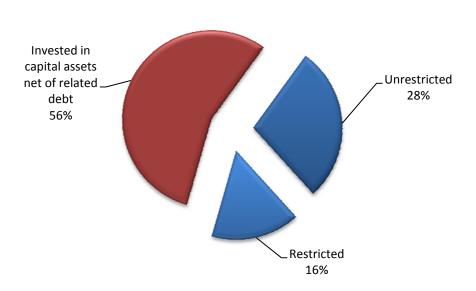
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## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As Management of Navarro County, Texas, (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1 and the County's basic financial statements that begin on page 12.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The total government-wide assets of the County exceeded liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2011 by \$17,080,272 and is reported as total net assets. Of this amount, \$4,833,839 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$2,816,039 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net assets) and \$9,430,394 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.



# Net Assets by Category

- In contrast to the government-wide financial statements, the fund statements report a combined fund balance at year-end of \$6,509,967 of which \$3,045,402 or 47% represents unassigned fund balances.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$3,045,402 or 17.8% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The County's long-term liability decreased by \$345,821. This decrease is a result of the liquidation of outstanding bonds and an increase in capital leases.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements. The single audit is included in this year's CAFR in the compliance section.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They present the financial picture of the County from an economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the County as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt).

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future years.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 13 of this report.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

• **Governmental funds** – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains 13 governmental funds, 10 Special Revenue Funds, 1 Debt Service Fund, 1 Capital Projects Funds and the General Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, and HIDTA Fund. These funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 11 nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, road and bridge funds, and certain other special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 17 of this report.

• **Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Navarro County's own programs. The full accrual method of accounting is used for fiduciary funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. A description of all fiduciary funds held by the County can be found on page 18 of this report.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements on pages 19 - 39 of this report.

## **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budgetary schedules for the General Fund. The County adopts an annual budget for this fund. A budgetary comparison schedule, which includes the original and final budget and actual figures, has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 40 - 43 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 44 - 59 of this report.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$17,080,272 as of September 30, 2011, a decrease of \$780,911 as compared with the previous fiscal year.

The County's net assets for the current fiscal year (28%) is made up of unrestricted net assets, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The largest portion of the County's net assets is investments in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets:

	Governmental Activities	
	2011	2010
Current and other assets	\$ 8,816,441	\$ 8,043,290
Capital assets	11,969,040	12,249,831
Total assets	20,785,481	20,293,121
Current and other liabilities	825,437	768,167
Long-term liabilities	2,879,772	3,225,593
Total liabilities	3,705,209	3,993,760
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt	9,430,394	9,269,955
Restricted	2,816,039	2,930,176
Unrestricted	4,833,839	4,099,230
Total net assets	\$17,080,272	\$16,299,361

# NAVARRO COUNTY'S NET ASSETS

Assets as of September 30, 2011, reflect an increase of \$492,360, (2.4%) over assets at the end of fiscal year 2010. Cash and investments increased by \$564,182 (10.5%) as compared to the previous year. Accounts receivable decreased slightly as compared to the previous year. Of Navarro County's total assets, the largest components are 1) cash and investments of \$5,949,870, (28.6%), 2) property taxes receivable of \$1,161,418, (5.6%), 3) due from other governments of \$1,010,366 (4.9%) and 4) capital assets of \$11,969,040, (57.6%). Capital assets are non-liquid assets and cannot be utilized to satisfy County obligations.

Total liabilities decreased \$288,551, (7.2%) in comparison with fiscal year 2010. The increase in current liabilities of \$57,270 was more than offset by a decrease in long-term debt in the amount of \$345,821. Long-term debt decreased primarily due to principal payments bonds payable net of an increase in capital leases.

Navarro County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$17,080,272 at the close of the fiscal year. Of this amount, \$2,816,039, (16.5%) represents *restricted net assets* which are resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Restrictions include statutory requirements, bond covenants and grant conditions. Another portion of the County's net assets, \$9,430,394, (55.2%) reflects its *investment in capital assets* (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure) *net of related debt*. The other significant portion of the County's net assets for the current fiscal year in the amount of \$4,833,839, (28.3%) represents unrestricted net assets, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

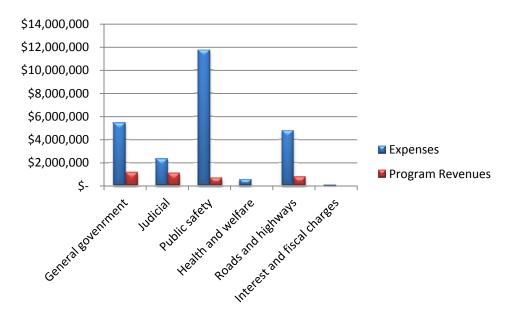
At the end of the current fiscal year, the County reported positive net assets in all three categories of net assets for its governmental activities.

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities increased the County's net assets by \$780,911 during the current fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

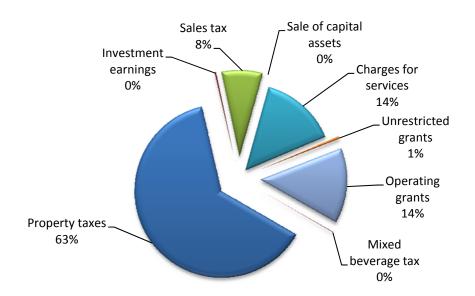
	Governmental Activities	
	2011	2010
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 3,670,020	\$ 4,315,233
Operating grants and contributions	3,739,851	3,096,307
General revenues:		
Property taxes	16,185,572	15,319,390
Sales tax	1,964,652	1,730,180
Taxes from the sale of alcohol	34,685	37,202
Miscellaneous	71,411	265,427
Earnings on investments	81,780	32,848
Total revenues	25,747,971	24,796,587
Expenses:		
General government	5,448,604	5,117,148
Judicial	2,366,579	2,424,728
Public safety	11,736,012	11,144,461
Health and welfare	556,640	684,043
Roads and highways	4,770,681	4,616,494
Interest on long-term debt	88,544	172,797
Total expenses	24,967,060	24,159,671
Change in net assets	780,911	636,916
Net assets, beginning	16,299,361	19,193,656
Change in accounting principle		( 3,531,211)
Net assets, ending	\$17,080,272	\$ 16,299,361

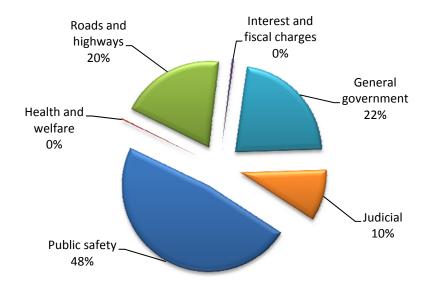
#### NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS' CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Collected charges for services decreased \$645,213 (15%). Operating grants and contributions increased by \$643,544 (20.8%), property taxes increased by \$866,182 (5.7%) and sales tax revenue increased by \$234,472 (13.6%), resulting in a net increase in total revenues of \$952,384 (3.8%). The increase in property taxes is the result of a slight increase in the taxable value of property in Navarro County.



**Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities** 





# **Expenses by Function – Governmental Activities**

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, Navarro County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

## **Governmental Funds**

The focus on the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At September 30, 2011, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,509,967 an increase of \$678,367 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$3,045,402 (46.8%) of the combined fund balances constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available to meet the County's current and future needs. The remainder of fund balance is unspendable, restricted or committed. Fund balance is restricted for flood control (\$748,061), road and bridge (\$892,298), public safety, (\$440,895), debt service (\$90,007), and capital projects (\$356,017). Additionally, fund balance is committed for the subsequent year's budget (\$744,101) and spent on certain prepaid items (\$193,186).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Navarro County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,045,402, while total fund balance reached \$3,982,689. The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased \$824,403 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this growth include a slight increase in assessed property taxes which increased property tax revenues by approximately \$866,182 and increased sales tax revenues of approximately \$234,472. The increase in property and sales tax revenues, coupled with a decrease in other revenue streams and expenditures staying relatively level compared to the prior year, resulted in an increase in fund balance.

The other major fund, the HIDTA (North Texas High Intensity Drug Trafficking) Fund, has no fund balance because it is funded entirely by intergovernmental revenue on a reimbursement basis.

## **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Differences between the original expenditure budget and the final amended budget of the General Fund resulted in an increase of \$137,299 in appropriations.

During the year, actual revenues exceeded budgetary estimates by \$608,367. Actual expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$994,870. The net effect of over-realization of revenue and under-utilization of appropriations resulted in a positive variance of \$1,603,237.

# CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **Capital Assets**

Navarro County's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of September 30, 2011, amounts to \$11,969,040 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Land remained unchanged. Buildings and improvements increased by \$141,962 as a result of ARRA grants funding replacement of the jail roof with a new cool roof and 3 new HVAC systems. The Road and Bridge funds acquired \$710,733 of new equipment and traded in \$771,485 of old equipment. Infrastructure increased by \$303,400 expended on new or reconstructed bridges. Construction in progress includes the planning phase of the County Courthouse restoration.

# NAVARRO COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS

	Governmental Activities	
	2011	2010
Land	\$ 1,074,962	\$ 1,074,962
Construction in progress	406,316	147,333
Buildings and improvements	4,666,090	4,939,279
Machinery and equipment	3,110,627	3,219,662
Infrastructure	2,711,045	2,868,595
Total capital assets	\$11,969,040	\$ 12,249,831

Additional information regarding the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

**Long-term Debt.** At September 30, 2011, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$2,879,772. The County's bonded debt carries a rating of "A1" from Moody's Investor Services.

# NAVARRO COUNTY'S OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR-END (Certificates of Obligation and Capital Leases)

	Governmental Activities	
	2011	2010
Refunding bonds	\$ 1,935,879	\$ 2,387,349
Capital leases	611,297	592,527
Compensated absences	172,010	131,208
OPEB obligation	160,586	114,509
	\$ 2,879,772	\$ 3,225,593

The net amount of refunding bonds and capital leases decreased by 432,700, this decrease is a result of the liquidation of outstanding bonds, net of an increase in capital leases. Additional information on Navarro County's long-term debt can be found in Note II, E on pages 31 - 34 of this report.

County officials and investors will find the ratio of net general bonded debt outstanding and the amount of bonded debt per capita as useful indicators of the County's debt position. These indicators are shown in the statistical section (unaudited) of this report on pages 74 - 75.

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Commissioners' Court adopted the County's budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, on September 12, 2011. The budget was adopted based on estimated balances that would be available at the end of fiscal year 2011 and estimated revenues to be received in fiscal year 2012. The total available resources for all funds for fiscal year 2012 are \$5,870,757. For the County's General Fund, the 2012 budget utilizes \$744,101 of available funds.

The 2011 property tax rate was \$0.6270/\$100 valuation, the same rate as the previous year. As a result of a 2.6% increase in taxable value, the County expects tax revenue collected during fiscal year 2011 to increase 2.5% over projected collections for fiscal year 2011. Additionally, the County's budget anticipates all other sources of revenue will remain at approximately the same levels as fiscal year 2011.

# **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Auditor's office, 300 West Third Avenue, Suite 10, Corsicana, Texas 75110.

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# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	4,191,193
Investments		1,758,677
Accounts receivable, net		454,096
Property taxes receivable, net		1,161,418
Due from other governments		1,010,366
Prepaid items		193,186
Bond issuance costs		47,505
Capital assets, net:		
Nondepreciable		1,481,278
Depreciable		10,487,762
Total assets	_	20,785,481
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		816,056
Accrued interest		9,381
Noncurrent liabilities:		7,501
Due within one year		696,126
Due in more than one year		2,183,646
-		3,705,209
Total liabilities		3,703,209
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt		9,430,394
Restricted for:		
Debt service		183,769
Capital projects		356,017
Public safety		763,164
Flood control		1,072,194
Road and bridge		440,895
Unrestricted	_	4,833,839
Total net assets	\$	17,080,272

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#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Program	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets		
Functions/Programs	Functions/Programs Expenses		Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
Primary government					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 5,448,604	\$ 1,153,912	\$ 365,268	\$( 3,929,424)	
Judicial	2,366,579	1,099,509	509,775	( 757,295)	
Public safety	11,736,012	675,639	2,711,380	( 8,348,993)	
Health and welfare	556,640	-	108	( 556,532)	
Roads and highways	4,770,681	740,960	153,320	( 3,876,401)	
Interest on long-term debt	88,544	-		( 88,544)	
Total governmental activities	24,967,060	3,670,020	3,739,851	( 17,557,189)	
Total primary government	\$24,967,060	\$3,670,020	\$3,739,851	( 17,557,189)	
	General revenues:				
	Taxes:				
	Property			16,185,572	
	Sales			1,964,652	
	Mixed beverage			34,685	
	Interest on investm	ents		71,411	
	Miscellaneous			81,780	
	Total general re	evenues		18,338,100	
	Change in ne	et assets		780,911	
	Net assets, beginning	5		16,299,361	
	Net assets, ending			\$ 17,080,272	

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

		General		HIDTA	G	Other overnmental Funds		Total
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	2,732,618	\$	2,146	\$	1,456,429	\$	4,191,193
Investments		823,321		-		935,356		1,758,677
Accounts receivable, net		418,401		-		35,695		454,096
Property taxes receivable, net		845,547		-		315,871		1,161,418
Due from other governments		730,496		262,764		17,106		1,010,366
Prepaid items		193,186		-		-		193,186
Due from other funds	_	185,496	_	-	_	147,688	_	333,184
Total assets	\$	5,929,065	\$	264,910	\$	2,908,145	\$	9,102,120
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	667,524	\$	79,414	\$	69,118	\$	816,056
Due to other funds		134,082		185,496		13,606		333,184
Deferred revenue		1,144,770		-		298,143		1,442,913
Total liabilities		1,946,376	_	264,910	_	380,867	_	2,592,153
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable-prepaid items		193,186		-		-		193,186
Restricted for:								
Flood control		-		-		748,061		748,061
Road and bridge		-		-		892,298		892,298
Public safety		-		-		440,895		440,895
Debt service		-		-		90,007		90,007
Capital projects		-		-		356,017		356,017
Committed for subsequent year's budget		744,101		-		-		744,101
Unassigned		3,045,402		-		-	_	3,045,402
Total fund balances		3,982,689	_	-		2,527,278	_	6,509,967
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,929,065	\$	264,910	\$	2,908,145	\$	9,102,120

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

# **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet		\$	6,509,967
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Land Construction in process Buildings and improvements, net of \$8,560,281 accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,074,962 406,316 4,666,090		
Machinery and equipment, net of \$4,948,007 accumulated depreciation Infrastructure, net of	3,110,627		
\$21,624,031 accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	2,711,045		11,969,040
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized in the statement of net assets. Accrued interest on bonds Refunding bonds payable Deferred loss on refunding bonds Capital leases payable Compensated absences Net OPEB obligation Total long-term liabilities	$\begin{array}{c}(&9,381)\\(&1,970,000)\\&34,121\\(&611,297)\\(&172,010)\\(&160,586)\end{array}$	(	2,889,153)
Cost associated with refunding bonds issued were reported as fund expenditures. These costs were accrued as assets in the statement of net assets. Bond issuance costs			47,505
Long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are not reported in the funds. Fines and court costs Property taxes Total long-term assets Net assets of governmental activities	1,082,091 360,822	\$	1,442,913 17,080,272

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		General		HIDTA	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	12,699,616	\$	-	\$	3,498,383	\$	16,197,999
Intergovernmental		2,698,370		2,669,898		320,693		5,688,961
License and permits		-		-		740,960		740,960
Fees of office		1,399,448		-		-		1,399,448
Fines and forfeitures		580,769		-		532,198		1,112,967
Interest on investments		57,041		-		14,364		71,405
Other		469,136		-		53,900		523,036
Total revenues	_	17,904,380	-	2,669,898	_	5,160,498		25,734,776
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		4,758,612		-		59,817		4,818,429
Judicial		2,301,761		-		59,965		2,361,726
Public safety		8,401,267		2,669,898		-		11,071,165
Health and welfare		556,545		-		-		556,545
Roads and highways		-		-		4,225,633		4,225,633
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		648,714		648,714
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		104,333		104,333
Capital outlay		679,609		-		393,510		1,073,119
Intergovernmental:								
Tax increment reinvestment		388,866	_	-		35,944		424,810
Total expenditures		17,086,660	-	2,669,898		5,527,916		25,284,474
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	817,720	-	-	(	367,418)		450,302
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,683		-		13,898		20,581
Capital lease issued	_	-	_	-	_	207,484		207,484
Total other financing sources and uses		6,683	-	-		221,382		228,065
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		824,403		-	(	146,036)		678,367
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	3,158,286	-		_	2,673,314	_	5,831,600
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	3,982,689	\$	_	\$	2,527,278	\$	6,509,967

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

678.367 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay 1,257,528 Retirement of capital assets 290,224) Depreciation expense 1,248,095) Net adjustment 280,791) ( Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets. Repayments: Certificates of obligation 460.000 Capital lease 188,714 Net adjustment 648,714 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Accounts receivable: Fines and court costs 25,622 Property taxes 12,427) Net adjustment 13,195 The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., capital leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. 207,484) ( Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized for transactions that are normally paid with expendable, available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. Interest on long-term debt 36.196 Compensated absences 40,802) **OPEB** obligation 46,077) Amortization of bond issuance costs 20,407) Net adjustment 71,090) 780,911 Change in net assets of governmental activities

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

## **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

ASSETS Cash Investments	\$ 3,977,485 535,643
Total assets	\$4,513,128
LIABILITIES Due to others	\$4,513,128
Total liabilities	\$ 4,513,128

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

## I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

## A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Navarro County is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four commissioners and the County Judge, is the governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.) public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

A financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable, or the relationship to the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the County. Each discretely presented component unit on the other hand, is reported in a separate column under component unit on the government-wide statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government.

No component units are reported in this financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

## B. <u>Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

The government–wide statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statement. The General Fund and the HIDTA Grant Fund meet criteria as major governmental funds. Each major fund is reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds include other Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide fund statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Major revenue types that have been accrued are district clerk and county clerk fees, justice of the peace fees, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

## C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>*HIDTA Grant Fund*</u> accounts for all activities related to the North Texas High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) through a grant from the Federal Office of National Control Policy. The purpose of this grant is to provide resources to help federal, state and local law enforcement organizations invest in infrastructure and joint initiatives to confront drug-trafficking organizations in North Texas.

Additionally, the County reports Fiduciary funds in the form of Agency funds. These funds account for monies held on behalf of other entities. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets. The County's Fiduciary funds represent Agency Funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Assets. Because the assets are held in an agent capacity and are not available to support County programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the County to invest in bank certificates of deposit, obligations of the United States or its agencies, obligations of the State of Texas, obligations of other political subdivisions having at least an "A" credit rating, commercial paper, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools.

The County records investments at fair value in accordance with provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. All investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund's statement of activity and or statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

## 2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to" or "due from" other funds. Interfund activity reflected in "due to" or "due from" other funds is eliminated in the government-wide statements.

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at the prior January 1 and become due on October 1 of the year in which assessed. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty or interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected in the government-wide statements based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for the prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Accounts receivables from other governments include amounts due from grantor agencies for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

## D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

#### 3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads and bridges), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Infrastructure assets include County-owned roads and bridges.

In the case of the initial capitalization of infrastructure assets, the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the County constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and recorded at historical cost. The reported cost excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the County values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Infrastructure	25
Furniture and fixtures	10
Trucks	10
General equipment	5
Computer hardware	5
Cars	5

#### 5. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the County does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the County.

## D. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity</u> (Continued)

#### 5. Compensated Absences (Continued)

The County has recognized a liability for accumulated vacation leave where the employees' rights to receive benefits are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees through either paid time off or cash payments at termination.

Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for this amount is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### 6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 7. Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

## D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

#### 7. *Fund Balance* (Continued)

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by resolution of Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is determined by Commissioners' Court.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

#### 8. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### 9. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

# II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

# A. <u>Cash and Investments</u>

As of September 30, 2011, the County had the following investments:

		Weighted Average
Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity (Days)
TexPool	\$ 2,294,110	34

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The County's investment pools represent investments in TexPool, investment pools for state and local governments in Texas. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibilities over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an Advisory Board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure.

TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review. TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value is the same as the value of shares.

*Interest Rate Risk* – In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 270 days.

## A. <u>Cash and Investments</u> (Continued)

*Custodial Credit Risk* – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U. S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2011, the County's deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the County's name or by FDIC insurance.

*Credit Risk* – It is the County's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment pool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

## B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review and judicial review. Property taxes are levied by October 1 of the year in which assessed, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty or interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year. Taxes become delinquent February 1 of each year and are subject to simple interest and penalty of 7% in February, 9% in March, 11% in April, 13% in May, 15% in June, 18% in July and interest continues to accrue at 1% per month.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. The exception is homestead property belonging to persons 65 years of age or older who file for deferral or abatement. The County does make considerable effort to collect delinquent taxes before foreclosure proceedings. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title of the property.

Any liens and subsequent suits against the taxpayer for payment of delinquent personal property taxes are barred unless instituted within four years from the time such taxes became delinquent. Unlike real property, the sale or transfer of most personal property does not require any evidence that taxes thereon are paid.

## B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables (Continued)

Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the Tax Assessor and Collector's Agency Fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed to the General, Road and Bridge, Flood Control and Debt Service Funds of the County. This distribution is based on the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The County participates in Tax Increment Finance (TIF) Districts. When a TIF District is created, with the approval of all participating governmental entities, the property included in the District has its assessed valuation frozen at that time for the duration of the District. As projects are developed, increasing the assessed valuation of the property, the incremental increases are returned to the entity which initially financed the improvements, i.e., County contribution, County bond funds or developer advances.

The following is a summary by fund of delinquent taxes receivable at September 30, 2011.

Property taxes receivable:		
General fund	\$	901,759
Road and bridge funds		206,747
Debt service fund		113,164
Flood control fund		17,434
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(	77,686)
	\$ <u></u>	1,161,418

Article VIII, Section 9 of the Texas Constitution imposes a limit of \$0.80 per \$100 assessed valuation for general governmental services, including the payment of premium and interest on general obligation long-term debt in the Jury, General, Permanent Improvement and Road and Bridge Funds. In addition, a Special Road Tax of \$0.15 per \$100 valuation has been authorized by Article 6790, VACS, and a Farm-to-Market and Lateral Road Tax of \$0.30 per \$100 valuation has been authorized by Article 7048a, VACS; however, of a total tax rate of \$1.25 authorized for the County, only \$0.6270 was levied for the 2010 tax roll.

# B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables (Continued)

Receivables at year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Nonmajor	Total
Miscellaneous Court fines	\$ 65,580 <u>17,641,062</u> <u>17,706,642</u>	\$ 35,695 	\$ 101,275 17,641,062 17,742,337
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	17,288,241 17,288,241		<u>17,288,241</u> <u>17,288,241</u>
Total	\$418,401	\$35,695	\$454,096

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable
General fund	
Delinquent property taxes	\$ 783,949
Court fines	360,821
Total general fund	1,144,770
Nonmajor governmental funds	
Delinquent property taxes	298,143
Total nonmajor governmental funds	298,143
Total governmental funds	\$1,442,913

# C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2011, are as follows:

## **Primary Government**

		Beginning						Ending
		Balance	/	Additions	Ι	Deletions		Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,074,962	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,074,962
Construction in progress		147,333		258,983		-		406,316
Total assets not being depreciated	_	1,222,295		258,983	_	-		1,481,278
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		13,084,409		141,962		-		13,226,371
Machinery and equipment		8,119,386		710,733		771,485		8,058,634
Infrastructure		24,189,226		145,850		-		24,335,076
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	45,393,021		998,545	_	771,485	_	45,620,081
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	(	8,145,130)	(	415,151)		-	(	8,560,281)
Machinery and equipment	(	4,899,724)	(	529,544)	(	481,261)	(	4,948,007)
Infrastructure	(	21,320,631)	(	303,400)		-	(	21,624,031)
Total accumulated depreciation	(	34,365,485)	(	1,248,095)	(	481,261)	(	35,132,319)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	_	11,027,536	(	249,550)	_	290,224	_	10,487,762
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	12,249,831	\$	9,433	\$	290,224	\$	11,969,040

Depreciation expense for fiscal year 2011 was charged to functions and programs of the County as follows:

General government	\$	67,179
Public safety		641,898
Roads and highways		539,018
	¢	1 249 005
	\$	1,248,095

#### **D.** Interfund Receivables and Payables

In the fund financial statements, interfund balances are the result of normal transactions between funds that will be liquidated in the subsequent fiscal year. The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds:

#### **Due to/from Other Funds**

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount			
General General Nonmajor governmental	HIDTA Nonmajor governmental Nonmajor governmental	\$ 185,496 134,082 13,606			
		\$ 333,184			

Expenditures incurred for the HIDTA grant program are paid by the General Fund and reimbursed by the granting agency. As a result, appropriate interfund balance entries are recorded to reflect these activities. The interfund balance between the General Fund and Nonmajor governmental funds resulted from the time lag between the dates that payments between funds were made.

#### E. Long-term Debt

General obligation refunding bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. The refunding bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Debt reduction	3.0 - 3.5%	\$ 1,970,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the refunding bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities					
September 30,	P	Principal		Interest		Total	
2012	\$	470,000	\$	58,095	\$	528,095	
2013		480,000		43,010		523,010	
2014		490,000		26,880		516,880	
2015		530,000		9,275	_	539,275	
Total	\$	1,970,000	\$	137,260	\$	2,107,260	

In fiscal year 2005, the County defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide future debt service payments on the old bonds. As of September 30, 2011, the County does not have bonds considered defeased and outstanding.

# E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

# Capital Lease Obligation (Continued)

Capital lease obligations as of September 30, 2011, are composed of the following individual issues:

\$167,478; payable in monthly installments of \$3,849, including principal and interest at 4.90%, due September 1, 2013; secured by one Caterpillar motor grader purchased during fiscal year 2009.	87,832
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$28,895; payable in monthly installments of \$665, including principal and interest at 4.99%, due September 1, 2013; secured by one belly dump trailer purchased in fiscal 2009.	15,166
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$175,501; payable in monthly installments of \$2,787, including principal and interest at 5.19%, due September 1, 2013; secured by two 2009 GU Mack trucks purchased during fiscal year 2009.	22,172
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$37,400; payable in monthly installments of \$835, including principal and interest at 3.4%, due November 1, 2013; secured by a Kubota tractor, loader and bucket purchased during fiscal year 2010.	20,889
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$130,200; payable in monthly installments of \$2,905, including principal and interest at 3.4%, due November 1, 2014; secured by one Case motor grader purchased during fiscal year 2010.	75,407
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$87,815; payable in monthly installments of \$1,622, including principal and interest at 4.12%, due March 1, 2015; secured by one John Deere backhoe purchased during fiscal year 2010.	63,343

# E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$80,375; payable in monthly installments of \$1,811, including principal and interest at 3.88%, due May 1, 2014; secured by one Case backhoe purchased in fiscal 2010.	\$ 54,963
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$34,310; payable in monthly installments of \$814, including principal and interest at 6.50%, due November 15, 2014; secured by one John Deere tractor mower purchased during fiscal year 2011.	27,877
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$173,174; payable in monthly installments of \$3,150, including principal and interest at 3.50%, due October 1, 2015; secured by one Case motograder purchased	_,,,,,,
during fiscal year 2011.	 143,648
Total capital leases	\$ 611,297

The capital assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Machinery and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 863,945 ( 128,761)
Balance	\$735,184

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital lease obligations are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	]	Principal	1	Interest	Totals		
2012	\$	200,254	\$	20,691	\$	220,945	
2013		208,539		12,409		220,948	
2014		119,585		5,451		125,036	
2015		77,024		5,268		82,292	
2016		5,895		17		5,912	
	\$	611,297	\$	43,836	\$	655,133	

# E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

## **Changes in Long-term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2011, was as follows:

	Balance 09/30/10		А	Additions Reductions		eductions	Balance 09/30/11		Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable:										
G.O. Refunding - 2005	\$ 2,4	30,000	\$	-	\$	460,000	\$	1,970,000	\$	470,000
Deferred loss on refunding	(	42,651)		-	(	8,530)	(	34,121)	(	8,530)
Capital leases	5	92,527		207,484		188,714		611,297		200,254
Compensated absences	1	31,208		172,010		131,208		172,010		34,402
OPEB obligation	1	14,509		76,179		30,102	_	160,586		-
Governmental activity liabilities	\$3,2	25,593	\$	455,673	\$	801,494	\$	2,879,772	\$	696,126

The compensated absences and OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities was liquidated primarily by the General Fund and Road and Bridge Funds in prior years.

# **III. OTHER INFORMATION**

## A. <u>Risk Management</u>

The County maintains third party insurance coverage for general liability, property, automobile liability, public officials' liability, employee health and workers' compensation. There was no significant change in coverage from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for fiscal years 2009, 2010, or 2011.

#### B. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. A contingent liability was not established because potential reimbursements are considered immaterial.

The County is involved in lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Although the outcome of such lawsuits and other claims is not presently determinable, the resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

## C. <u>Employee Retirement System</u>

## **Plan Description**

Navarro County provides retirement benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 618 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P. O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the Commissioners Court of the County, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the Commissioners Court within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

#### **Funding Policy**

Navarro County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (variable-rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually.

#### C. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 9.20% for the months of the accounting year in 2010, and 9.21% for the months of the accounting year in 2011.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2010 and 2011 is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the Commissioners Court.

The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percent of the covered payroll of the participating employees, and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2009, the basis for determining the contribution rates for calendar years 2010 and 2011. The December 31, 2010 actuarial valuation is the most recent valuation.

Actual Valuation Date	12/31/08	12/31/09	12/31/10
Actuarial cost method	entry age	entry age	entry age
Amortization method	level percentage	level percentage	level percentage
	of payroll, closed	of payroll, closed	of payroll, closed
Amortization period in years	20	20	20
Asset valuation method	SAF: 10-yr	SAF: 10-yr	SAF: 10-yr
	smoothed value,	smoothed value,	smoothed value,
	ESF: fund value	ESF: fund value	ESF: fund value
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Investment return*	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
Projected salary increases	5.3%	5.4%	5.4%
Inflation	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

#### **Actuarial Valuation Information**

\* Includes inflation at the stated rate

## Trend Information for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of Navarro County

Accounting	Annual	Percentage	Net
Year	Pension	of APC	Pension
Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
09/30/2009	\$ 913,179	100%	-
09/30/2010	911,796	100%	-
09/30/2011	1,068,197	100%	-

#### C. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded		Annual	Percentage
	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll (1)	Payroll
Year	 (a)	 (b)	 (b-a)	(a/b)	 (c)	((b-a)/c)
2010	\$ 29,321,848	\$ 33,542,132	\$ 4,220,284	87.42%	\$ 11,610,840	36.35%

The funded status as of December 31, 2010, is presented as follows:

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

#### D. Postemployment Health Care

*Plan description and Funding Policy*. In addition to the pension benefits described above, the Commissioners Court established a medical insurance benefit plan for retirees. The County administers this single-employer defined benefit medical plan ("the Retiree Medical Plan"). The Retiree Medical Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. Eligible retirees will be provided medical insurance benefits and eligible retirees may also cover their eligible dependents if elected within 60 days. Retirees are responsible for paying the premiums. A retiree is defined as someone who is receiving lifetime monthly Texas County and District retirement pension benefit payments and who retired directly from active employment with Navarro County. The County will stop insurance coverage on the retiree and dependent on the last day of the month when one of the following occurs"

- 1. the retiree reaches age 65; or
- 2. the retiree fails to submit the required set premium rate.

#### D. Postemployment Health Care (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's OPEB obligation to the postemployment medical plan.

Fiscal Year	2011	
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 75,800	
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	5,153	
Adjustment to the ARC	( 4,774)	
Annual OPEB Cost	76,179	
Contributions Made	( 30,102)	
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	46,077	
Net OPEB Obligation, beginning of year	114,509	
Net OPEB Obligation, ending of year	\$160,586	

The County's annual OPEB cost, amount contributed to the plan, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011, are as follows:

Fiscal	Annual	Employer	Percentage of	Net
Year	OPEB	Amount	Annual OPEB	OPEB
Ending	Cost	Contributed	Cost Contributed	Obligation
09/30/2009	\$ 69,942	\$ 10,790	15.4%	\$ 59,152
09/30/2010	72,236	16,879	23.4%	114,509
09/30/2011	76,179	30,102	39.5%	160,586

*Funded Status and Funding Progress.* The funding status of the post employment medical plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date as of 12/31	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Liability (t	(AAL)	Infunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio a/b	Covered Payroll	UAAC as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2010	\$-	\$ 6	591,249 \$	691,249	0.0%	\$ 11,610,840	5.95%

#### D. Postemployment Health Care (Continued)

Actuarial valuation of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. A schedule of funding progress presents multi-trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Inflation rate	3.00% per annum
Investment rate of return	4.50%, net of expenses
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit Cost Method
Amortization method	Level as a percentage of employee payroll
Amortization period	30-year open amortization
Salary growth	3.00% per annum
Health care cost trend rate	Initial rate of 9.0% declining to an ultimate
	rate of 4.50% after 9 years

#### E. Accounting Change

For fiscal year 2011, the County has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." GASB Statement No. 54 enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that compromise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The implementation of this statement resulted in the County reclassifying fund balances of its governmental funds. THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

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#### **GENERAL FUND**

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	¢ 12561014	¢ 12561.014	¢ 12,600,616	¢ 129.602
Property taxes	\$ 12,561,014	\$ 12,561,014 2 281 214	\$ 12,699,616 2,608,270	\$ 138,602 417,156
Intergovernmental Fees of office	2,221,214 1,461,300	2,281,214 1,461,300	2,698,370 1,399,448	( 61,852)
Fines and forfeitures	620,000	620,000	580,769	( 39,231)
Interest on investments	20,000	20,000	57,041	37,041
Other	352,485	352,485	469,136	116,651
Total revenues	17,236,013	17,296,013	17,904,380	608,367
EXPENDITURES				
General government:				
Salaries	1,792,108	1,790,406	1,783,648	6,758
Benefits	623,739	623,302	614,438	8,864
Supplies	202,300	200,285	179,120	21,165
Other services	2,928,146	3,020,786	2,440,389	580,397
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000	1,300	( 300)
Intergovernmental	220,000	220,000	388,866	( 168,866)
Total general government	5,767,293	5,855,779	5,407,761	448,018
Judicial:				
Salaries	1,244,922	1,240,479	1,228,473	12,006
Benefits	393,248	387,503	369,751	17,752
Supplies	32,870	34,220	26,213	8,007
Other services	830,539	828,189	677,324	150,865
Total judicial	2,501,579	2,490,391	2,301,761	188,630
Public safety:				
Salaries	4,953,855	4,953,855	4,851,482	102,373
Benefits	1,917,542	1,918,646	1,829,868	88,778
Supplies	825,228	860,570	820,802	39,768
Other services	1,068,567	1,054,727	925,115	129,612
Capital outlay	273,700	317,684	393,326	( 75,642)
Total public safety	9,038,892	9,105,482	8,820,593	284,889
Health and welfare: Salaries	69 760	68 760	20.278	10 202
Benefits	68,760 25,159	68,760 25,159	20,378 6,933	48,382 18,226
Supplies	2,200	2,200	23	2,177
Other services	540,348	533,759	529,211	4,548
Total health and welfare	636,467	629,878	556,545	73,333
Total expenditures	17,944,231	18,081,530	17,086,660	994,870
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	( 708,218)	( 785,517)	817,720	1,603,237
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	6,683	6,683	6,683	
Total other financing sources and uses	6,683	6,683	6,683	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	( 701,535)	( 778,834)	824,403	1,603,237
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	3,158,286	3,158,286	3,158,286	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 2,456,751	\$ 2,379,452	\$ 3,982,689	\$ 1,603,237

#### NOTES TO BUDGETARY SCHEDULE

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

#### A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the HIDTA Grant, TDRA Grant, Victim Assistance Grant, and Capital Projects Funds, which adopt project-length budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Elected officials and department heads submit requests for appropriations to the budget officer, the County Judge, so that a budget may be prepared. The proposed budget is presented to the Commissioners Court for review by the second Monday in July. The Commissioners Court holds public work sessions and public hearings. A final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than September 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level.

Encumbrance accounting, under which funds are reserved for purchase orders, contracts and other commitments, is employed in the General and Special Revenue funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitment will be honored in the next fiscal year. Such encumbrances are reappropriated in the next budget year. There were no outstanding encumbrances at year-end.

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
10/21/09	¢ 05 007 507	¢ 00 (71 1/)	¢ 2.742.600	07 200/	¢ 10.053.549	24 199/
12/31/08	\$ 25,927,537	\$ 29,671,166	\$ 3,743,629	87.38%	\$ 10,952,548	34.18%
12/31/09	28,700,312	32,324,787	3,624,475	88.79%	11,397,444	31.80%
12/31/10	29,321,848	33,542,132	4,220,284	87.42%	11,610,840	36.35%

## SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

# **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/08	\$ -	\$ 512,204	\$ 512,204	- %	\$ 10,952,548	4.68%
12/31/10	-	691,249	691,249	- %	11,610,840	5.95%

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

*Special Revenue Funds* are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

*Flood Control Fund* – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to specific flood control projects. Revenues in this fund are derived from restricted property taxes.

**Road and Bridge Funds** – These funds, reported by Commissioners' Precinct, are used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to road construction and maintenance. Revenues in these funds are derived from restricted property taxes.

**District Attorney Forfeiture Fund** – This fund is used to account for money and property forfeited to the District Attorney's office as a result of drug seizures under Chapter 59 of the *Texas Code of Criminal Procedure*.

Sheriff Seizure Fund – This fund is used to account for money and property forfeited to the County Sheriff's office as a result of drug seizures under Chapter 59 of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.

*TDRA Grant Fund* – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to the Texas Department of Rural Affairs Program related to flood repairs.

*Victim Assistance Grant Fund* – This fund is used to account for a grant from the Texas Office of Attorney General for a special victim coordinator.

## **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursement of such resources to pay principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

## **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for expenditures for renovation of the historic courthouse structure.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

		Flood Control	Road nd Bridge recinct 1	Road nd Bridge Precinct 2		Road nd Bridge Precinct 3
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	744,736	\$ 33,514	\$ 160,469	\$	14,408
Investments		2,111	131,266	175,199		146,478
Accounts receivable		-	8,925	8,920		8,925
Property taxes receivable, net		16,317	48,447	48,449		48,448
Due from other governments		-	-	-		-
Due from other funds			 36,922	 36,922	_	36,922
Total assets	\$	763,164	\$ 259,074	\$ 429,959	\$ <u></u>	255,181
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 29,370	\$ 13,558	\$	2,908
Due to other funds		-	-	-		-
Deferred revenue		15,103	44,974	44,974		44,975
Total liabilities	_	15,103	 74,344	 58,532	_	47,883
Fund balances:						
Restricted for:						
Flood control		748,061	-	-		-
Road and bridge		-	184,730	371,427		207,298
Public safety		-	-	-		-
Debt service		-	-	-		-
Capital projects	_	-	 -	 -		-
Total fund balances	—	748,061	 184,730	 371,427		207,298
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	763,164	\$ 259,074	\$ 429,959	\$	255,181

Road and Bridge Precinct 4	District Attorney Forfeiture	Sheriff Seizure	TDRA Grant	Victim Assistance Grant	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 52,697 45,959 8,925 48,447 - - 36,922 \$ 192,950	\$ 13,362 109,845 - - - - \$ <u>123,207</u>	\$ 170,648 147,689 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - 3,500 - \$ <u>3,500</u>	\$ - - - 13,606 - \$ 13,606	\$ 15,284 72,103 - 105,763 - - \$ 193,150	\$ 251,311 104,706 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	<pre>\$ 1,456,429 935,356 35,695 315,871 17,106 147,688 \$ 2,908,145</pre>
\$ 19,133 	\$ - - 	\$ 649  	\$ 3,500 - - 3,500	\$ - 13,606 - 13,606	\$ <u>-</u> <u>103,143</u> <u>103,143</u>	\$ 	\$ 69,118 13,606 298,143 380,867
128,843	123,207	317,688	- - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - 90,007 - - 90,007	<u> </u>	748,061 892,298 440,895 90,007 <u>356,017</u> 2,527,278
\$ 192,950	<u>\$ 123,207</u>	\$ <u>318,337</u>	\$3,500	\$	\$ <u>193,150</u>	\$356,017	\$2,908,145

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Flood Control	Road and Bridge Precinct 1	Road and Bridge Precinct 2	Road and Bridge Precinct 3	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 233,823	\$ 686,584	\$ 686,583	\$ 686,585	
Intergovernmental	-	25,830	25,830	25,830	
Licenses and permits	-	185,240	185,240	185,240	
Fines and forfeitures	-	120,059	120,059	120,059	
Interest on investments	3,365	1,614	1,813	1,679	
Other	-	1,471	659	50,000	
Total revenues	237,188	1,020,798	1,020,184	1,069,393	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	
Judicial	-	-	-	-	
Roads and highways	223,903	932,033	909,214	963,278	
Debt service:			<b>2 2 0 0</b>	25 150	
Principal	-	76,787	60,209	35,179	
Interest	-	16,044	6,399	5,932	
Capital outlay	-	207,474	52,108	109,150	
Intergovernmental:					
Tax increment reinvestment		8,986	8,986	8,986	
Total expenditures	223,903	1,241,324	1,036,916	1,122,525	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	13,285	( 220,526)	( 16,732)	( 53,132)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	13,898	-	-	
Capital lease issued	_	207,484			
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	221,382			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	13,285	856	( 16,732)	( 53,132)	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	734,776	183,874	388,159	260,430	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 748,061	\$ <u>184,730</u>	\$371,427	\$ 207,298	

Road and Bridge Precinct 4	District Attorney Forfeiture	Sheriff Seizure	TDRA Grant	Victim Assistance Grant	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$ 686,582 25,830 185,240 120,059 1,497 1,438 1,020,646	\$ - 41,401 252 - 41,653	\$ - 10,561 1,177 - 11,738	\$ - 157,556 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 59,817 - - - - - 59,817	\$ 518,226 - - 1,494 - 519,720	\$ - - 1,473 <u>332</u> 1,805	\$ 3,498,383 320,693 740,960 532,198 14,364 53,900 5,160,498		
- 1,039,649 16,539 2,929 -	33,136	26,829 - - 24,778	- 157,556 - - -	59,817 - - - - - -	- - 460,000 73,029 -		59,817 59,965 4,225,633 648,714 104,333 393,510		
8,986 1,068,103 ( 47,457)	<u>33,136</u> 8,517	<u>51,607</u> ( <u>39,869</u> )	 		<u>533,029</u> ( <u>13,309</u> )	  	<u>35,944</u> <u>5,527,916</u> ( <u>367,418</u> )		
  ( 47,457)	8,517	( 39,869)	-  -	-  -	  ( 13,309)		13,898 207,484 221,382 ( 146,036)		
<u>176,300</u> <u>\$ 128,843</u>	<u>114,690</u> <u>\$ 123,207</u>	<u>357,557</u> <u>\$317,688</u>	 \$	<u> </u>	<u>103,316</u> <b>\$</b> 90,007	<u>354,212</u> <u>356,017</u>	<u>2,673,314</u> \$ <u>2,527,278</u>		

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# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**

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#### FLOOD CONTROL

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgetec					
		Original	Final Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	235,779	\$	235,779	\$ 233,823	\$(	1,956)
Interest on investments		2,000		2,000	 3,365		1,365
Total revenues	. <u> </u>	237,779		237,779	 237,188	(	591)
EXPENDITURES							
Roads and highways:							
Other services		400,000		400,000	 223,903		176,097
Total expenditures		400,000		400,000	 223,903		176,097
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	162,221)	(	162,221)	13,285		175,506
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		734,776		734,776	 734,776		-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	572,555	\$	572,555	\$ 748,061	\$	175,506

#### **ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 1**

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final			Actual		riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)		
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	681,307	\$	681,307	\$	686,584	\$	5,277
Intergovernmental		23,000		23,000		25,830		2,830
License and permits		225,000		225,000		185,240	(	39,760)
Fines and forfeitures		135,000		135,000		120,059	(	14,941)
Interest on investments		1,000		1,000		1,614		614
Other		-		-		1,471		1,471
Total revenues		1,065,307	_	1,065,307	_	1,020,798	(	44,509)
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Salaries		327,752		301,252		269,623		31,629
Benefits		122,043		122,043		98,310		23,733
Supplies		414,000		405,500		408,113	(	2,613)
Other services		105,300		150,800		145,392		5,408
Debt service:								
Principal		40,797		90,841		87,382		3,459
Interest		5,395		12,804		16,044	(	3,240)
Capital outlay		49,000		1,547		207,474	(	205,927)
Intergovernmental		-		-		8,986	(	8,986)
Total expenditures		1,064,287	_	1,084,787	_	1,241,324	(	156,537)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,020	(	19,480)	(	220,526)	(	201,046)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		13,898		13,898
Capital lease issued		-		-		207,484		207,484
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		221,382		221,382
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,020	(	19,480)		856		20,336
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		183,874		183,874	_	183,874		-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	184,894	\$	164,394	\$	184,730	\$	20,336

#### **ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 2**

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	681,307	\$	681,307	\$	686,583	\$	5,276
Intergovernmental	Ŷ	23,000	Ŷ	23,000	Ψ	25,830	Ŷ	2,830
License and permits		225,000		225,000		185,240	(	39,760)
Fines and forfeitures		135,000		135,000		120,059	Ì	14,941)
Interest on investments		1,000		1,000		1,813	,	813
Other		-		-		659		659
Total revenues		1,065,307	_	1,065,307		1,020,184	(	45,123)
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Salaries		372,971		372,971		331,497		41,474
Benefits		156,682		156,682		129,691		26,991
Supplies		365,000		358,000		317,596		40,404
Other services		404,100		404,100		130,430		273,670
Debt service:								
Principal		60,527		60,527		60,209		318
Interest		6,081		6,081		6,399	(	318)
Capital outlay		-		7,000		52,108	(	45,108)
Intergovernmental		-		-		8,986	(	8,986)
Total expenditures		1,365,361		1,365,361		1,036,916		328,445
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	300,054)	(	300,054)	(	16,732)		283,322
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		388,159		388,159		388,159		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	88,105	\$	88,105	\$	371,427	\$	283,322

#### **ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 3**

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgetee						
		Original Final Act		Actual	Final	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)		
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	681,307	\$	681,307	\$	686,585	\$	5,278
Intergovernmental	ψ	23,000	Ψ	23,000	ψ	25,830	ψ	2,830
License and permits		225,000		225,000		185,240	(	39,760)
Fines and forfeitures		135,000		135,000		120,059	(	14,941)
Interest on investments		1,000		1,000		1,679	(	679
Other		-		-		50,000		50,000
Total revenues		1,065,307		1,065,307		1,069,393		4,086
Total revenues		1,005,507		1,005,507		1,009,595		4,000
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Salaries		361,545		361,545		353,646		7,899
Benefits		148,198		148,198		140,748		7,450
Supplies		474,000		475,000		366,255		108,745
Other services		114,163		113,163		102,629		10,534
Debt service:								
Principal		33,280		33,280		35,179	(	1,899)
Interest		8,073		8,073		5,932		2,141
Capital outlay		-		-		109,150	(	109,150)
Intergovernmental		-		-		8,986	(	8,986)
Total expenditures	_	1,139,259		1,139,259		1,122,525		16,734
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	73,952)	(	73,952)	(	53,132)		20,820
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		260,430		260,430		260,430		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	186,478	\$	186,478	\$	207,298	\$	20,820

#### **ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 4**

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original	riginal Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	681,307	\$	681,307	\$	686,582	\$	5,275
Intergovernmental	ψ	23,000	Ψ	23,000	Ψ	25,830	ψ	2,830
License and permits		225,000		225,000		185,240	(	39,760)
Fines and forfeitures		135,000		135,000		120,059	( (	14,941)
Interest on investments		750		750		1,497	(	747
Total revenues		1,065,057		1,065,057		1,020,646	(	44,411)
Total levenues		1,005,057		1,005,057		1,020,040	<u>(</u>	<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Salaries		349,759		349,759		301,727		48,032
Benefits		139,146		139,146		111,892		27,254
Supplies		550,000		535,000		517,282		17,718
Other services		102,750		117,750		108,748		9,002
Debt service:								
Principal		16,482		16,482		16,539	(	57)
Interest		2,986		2,986		2,929		57
Capital outlay		35,000		35,000		-		35,000
Intergovernmental		-		-		8,986	(	8,986)
Total expenditures		1,196,123		1,196,123		1,068,103		128,020
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	131,066)	(	131,066)	(	47,457)		83,609
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		176,300		176,300		176,300		-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	45,234	\$	45,234	\$	128,843	\$	83,609

#### DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted					
	(	Driginal		Final	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 41,401	\$	41,401
Interest on investments		500		500	 252	(	248)
Total revenues		500		500	 41,653		41,153
EXPENDITURES Judicial:							
Other services		2,500		2,500	 33,136	(	30,636)
Total expenditures		2,500		2,500	 33,136	(	30,636)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	2,000)	(	2,000)	8,517		10,517
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		114,690		114,690	 114,690		-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	112,690	\$	112,690	\$ 123,207	\$	10,517

#### SHERIFF SEIZURE FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgetec	l Amou	nts				
		Original		Final		Actual	Fina F	iance with l Budget - Positive (egative)
REVENUES								
Forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,561	\$	10,561
Interest on investments		1,000		1,000		1,177		177
Total revenues		1,000		1,000		11,738		10,738
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety:								
Supplies		4,500		4,500		2,010		2,490
Other services		32,000		32,000		24,819		7,181
Total expenditures		36,500		61,500		51,607		9,893
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	35,500)	(	60,500)	(	39,869)		20,631
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		357,557		357,557		357,557		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	322,057	\$	297,057	\$	317,688	\$	20,631

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts				
		Original		Final		Actual	Fina P	ance with l Budget - Positive egative)
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	467,542	\$	467,542	\$	518,226	\$	50,684
Interest on investments		500		500		1,494		994
Total revenues		468,042		468,042		519,720		51,678
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:								
Principal		460,000		460,000		460,000		-
Interest		73,029		73,029		73,029		-
Total expenditures	_	533,029		533,029		533,029		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	64,987)	(	64,987)	(	13,309)		51,678
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		103,316		103,316		103,316		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	38,329	\$	38,329	\$	90,007	\$	51,678

# AGENCY FUNDS

*Agency Funds* are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individual private organizations and other governments. The following are the County's Fiduciary Funds:

*County Treasurer* – This fund is used as a clearing account for the allocation of resources collected by fee offices, pending audit and distribution to other entities.

*District Clerk* – This fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals in accordance with court ordered decrees by the District Clerk.

*Tax Collector* – This fund is used to record tax collections which are deposited intact pending audit and distribution to the state and other taxing authorities.

State Fees – This fund is used to account for fees collected on behalf of the State of Texas.

*Juvenile Probation and Corrections* – This fund is used to account for funds received from the State of Texas for supervision, rehabilitation and placement of juvenile probationers.

*Community Supervision and Corrections* – This fund is used to account for funds received from the State of Texas for supervision, rehabilitation and placement of adult probationers.

*Inmate Commissary* – This fund is used to account for inmate deposits which may be used by inmates to purchase miscellaneous personal items.

*Richland Chambers* – This fund is used to account for mortgage payments received from property owners and held in escrow for improvement due to default on a performance bond.

*Special Forfeiture* – This fund is used to account for cash seized by law enforcement personnel prior to court order as to its disposition.

*Economic Development* – This fund is used to account for funds available to the Corsicana Navarro County Economic Development commission to be used to further economic development in Navarro County.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Balance October 1, 2010	Additions	Deductions	Balance September 30, 2011
COUNTY TREASURER				
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 1,060,760	\$ 69,332,867	\$ 68,522,297	\$ 1,871,330
Investments	1,073,688	941,332	1,746,174	268,846
Total assets	\$2,134,448	\$ 70,274,199	\$ 70,268,471	\$2,140,176
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 2,134,448	\$ 70,274,199	\$ 70,268,471	\$ 2,140,176
Total liabilities	\$ 2,134,448	\$ 70,274,199	\$ 70,268,471	\$2,140,176
DISTRICT CLERK				
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 302,878	\$ 311,804	\$ 292,315	\$ 322,367
Total assets	\$ 302,878	\$311,804	\$ 292,315	\$322,367
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 302,878	\$ 311,804	\$ 292,315	\$ 322,367
Total liabilities	\$ 302,878	\$ 311,804	\$ 292,315	\$ 322,367
TAX ASSESSOR AND COLLECTOR				
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 969,159	\$ 40,910,599	\$ 40,652,104	\$ 1,227,654
Total assets	\$ 969,159	\$ 40,910,599	\$ 40,652,104	\$ 1,227,654
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 969,159	\$40,910,599	\$ 40,652,104	\$ 1,227,654
Total liabilities	\$969,159	\$ 40,910,599	\$40,652,104	\$

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Balance October 1, 2010	Additions	Deductions	Balance September 30, 2011
JUVENILE PROBATION AND C	<b>ORRECTIONS</b>			
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 192	\$ 645,572	\$ 592,335	\$ 53,429
Investments	151,050	135,315	205,720	80,645
Total assets	\$ 151,242	\$780,887	\$ 798,055	\$134,074
Liabilities:				
Due to others	151,242	780,887	798,055	134,074
Total liabilities	\$ 151,242	\$780,887	\$798,055	\$134,074
COMMUNITY SUPERVISION A	ND CORRECTIONS			
Assets:	ф <b>12.45</b> 0	ф 1 с <b>7</b> 0 1 с 1	ф <u>1 264 о</u> го	ф <u>227.264</u>
Cash	\$ 13,459 398,505	\$ 1,678,161 256,964	\$ 1,364,256 564,530	\$ 327,364 90,939
Investments		230,904		90,939
Total assets	\$ 411,964	\$ 1,935,125	\$ 1,928,786	\$ 418,303
Liabilities:				
Due to others	411,964	1,935,125	1,928,786	418,303
Total liabilities	\$ 411,964	\$1,935,125	\$1,928,786	\$418,303
INMATE COMMISSARY Assets:				
Cash	\$151,874	\$542,529	\$519,498	\$ 174,905
Total assets	\$151,874	\$ 542,529	\$519,498	\$174,905
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 151,874	\$ 542,529	\$ 519,498	\$ 174,905
Total liabilities	\$151,874	\$ 542,529	\$ 519,498	\$174,905

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Balance ctober 1, 2010	A	dditions	De	ductions		Balance ember 30, 2011
SPECIAL LAKE								
Assets:	<b>.</b>		<b>.</b>	_	<b>.</b>		<u>.</u>	
Cash	\$	225	\$	2	\$	-	\$	227
Investments		92,985		125				93,110
Total assets	\$	93,210	\$	127	\$		\$	93,337
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	93,210	\$	127	\$	-	\$ <u> </u>	93,337
Total liabilities	\$	93,210	\$	127	\$	-	\$	93,337
SPECIAL FORFEITURE								
Assets:	¢	2 707	¢	1 (04	¢	5 401	¢	
Cash	\$	3,707	\$	1,694	\$	5,401	\$	
Total assets	\$	3,707	\$	1,694	\$	5,401	\$	
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$ <u> </u>	3,707	\$	1,694	\$	5,401	\$	-
Total liabilities	\$	3,707	\$	1,694	\$	5,401	\$	-
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT								
Assets:	<b>.</b>	• • •	<b>.</b>		<b>.</b>		<u>.</u>	• • • •
Cash	\$	206	\$	3	\$	-	\$	209
Investments		2,100		3				2,103
Total assets	\$	2,306	\$	6	\$	_	\$	2,312
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	2,306	\$	6	\$	-	\$ <u></u>	2,312
Total liabilities	\$	2,306	\$	6	\$		\$	2,312

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Balance October 1, 2010	Additions	Deductions	Balance September 30, 2011
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 2,502,460	\$ 113,423,231	\$ 111,948,206	\$ 3,977,485
Investments	1,718,328	1,333,739	2,516,424	535,643
Total assets	\$4,220,788	\$114,756,970	\$114,464,630	\$4,513,128
Liabilities:				
Due to others	4,220,788	114,756,970	114,464,630	4,513,128
Total liabilities	\$4,220,788	\$ <u>114,756,970</u>	\$114,464,630	\$4,513,128

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# STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Navarro County, Texas' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well- being have changed over time.	60
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.	69
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future	74
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic information indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	79
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	81

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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#### NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

## LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

							Fiscal Year				
	2011	 2010	_	2009	_	2008	 2007	 2006	 2005	 2004	 2003
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 9,430,394 2,816,039 4,833,839	\$ 9,269,955 2,930,176 4,099,230	\$	9,225,606 2,669,973 7,298,077	\$	8,796,531 590,630 10,053,068	\$ 8,863,264 540,403 9,514,719	\$ 5,402,943 216,243 9,316,723	\$ 5,262,282 209,410 11,852,277	\$ 5,158,950 117,970 10,325,277	\$ 9,681,996 88,174 748,001
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	\$ 16,299,361	\$	19,193,656	\$	19,440,229	\$ 18,918,386	\$ 14,935,909	\$ 17,323,969	\$ 15,602,197	\$ 10,518,171
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 9,430,394 2,816,039 4,833,839	\$ 9,269,955 2,930,176 4,099,230	\$	9,225,606 2,669,973 7,298,077	\$	8,796,531 590,630 10,053,068	\$ 8,863,264 540,403 9,514,719	\$ 5,402,943 216,243 9,316,723	\$ 5,262,282 209,410 11,852,277	\$ 5,158,950 117,970 10,325,277	\$ 9,681,996 88,174 748,001
Total primary government net assets	\$ 17,080,272	\$ 16,299,361	\$	19,193,656	\$	19,440,229	\$ 18,918,386	\$ 14,935,909	\$ 17,323,969	\$ 15,602,197	\$ 10,518,171

#### Source: Navarro County financial records.

Note: Ten years of information is not available. The County did not implement GASB 34 until fiscal year 2003.

TABLE 1

#### CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

									I	Fiscal Year								
		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006		2005		2004		2003
EXPENSES																		
Governmental activities:																		
General government	\$	5,448,604	\$	5,117,148	\$	5,161,840	\$	4,965,892	\$	4,134,266	\$	4,657,019	\$	3,487,974	\$	2,865,783	\$	3,163,495
Judicial		2,366,579		2,424,728		2,320,480		2,303,243		1,856,239		1,712,038		1,572,895		1,475,290		1,426,165
Public safety		11,736,012		11,144,461		11,031,850		10,668,710		10,734,372		9,904,223		9,271,062		8,403,798		9,366,019
Health and welfare		556,640		684,043		577,654		486,507		640,210		552,226		739,859		541,610		638,390
Roads and highways		4,770,681		4,616,494		4,622,991		3,882,420		3,431,564		3,336,241		3,343,359		2,995,184		3,236,163
Interest on long-term debt		88,544	_	172,797		121,427		144,006		161,552	_	169,560		193,267		324,278	_	409,133
Total expenses		24,967,060		24,159,671		23,836,242		22,450,778		20,958,203		20,331,307		18,608,416		16,605,943	_	18,239,365
<b>PROGRAM REVENUES</b> Governmental activities: Fees, fines and charges for services:																		
General government	\$	1,153,912	\$	1,438,917	\$	1,513,036	\$	1,547,567	\$	1,634,983	\$	1,502,162	\$	1,166,698	\$	1,207,523	\$	1,060,256
Judicial		1,099,509		1,205,051		1,053,547		1,242,365		1,396,525		2,300,723		3,520,074		2,976,422		1,790,354
Public safety		675,639		789,429		629,777		729,243		365,659		511,194		355,940		298,091		492,310
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		-		-		13,364		36,286		110,750
Roads and highways		740,960		881,836		905,724		924,256		849,518		955,394		974,603		957,431		1,080,451
Operating grants and contributions		3,739,851		3,096,307		3,202,347		3,092,844		3,136,177		3,107,358		2,854,546		2,939,574		3,200,367
Capital grants and contributions		-	_	-		359,550		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total governmental activities																		
program revenues	<u> </u>	7,409,871	_	7,411,540		7,663,981		7,536,275		7,382,862		8,376,831		8,885,225	<u> </u>	8,415,327	_	7,734,488
<b>NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES</b> Governmental activities	\$(	17,557,189)	\$(	16,748,131)	\$(	16,172,261)	\$(	14,914,503)	\$(	13,575,341)	\$(	11,954,476)	\$(	9,723,191)	\$(	8,190,616)	\$(	10,504,877)
Total primary government	<u>.</u>	^		· · · ·		<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u>^</u>			<u>.</u>	<u> </u>		^		^		<u> </u>
net expense	(	17,557,189)	(	16,748,131)	(	16,172,261)	(	14,914,503)	(	13,575,341)	(	11,954,476)	(	9,723,191)	(	8,190,616)	(	10,504,877)

# (continued)

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#### CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Continued) LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

										Fiscal Year							
		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006		2005	 2004		2003
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTH	ER	CHANGES I	N NE	T ASSETS													
Governmental activities:																	
Taxes																	
Property taxes	\$	16,185,572	\$	15,319,390	\$	13,658,077	\$	12,640,920	\$	11,627,040	\$	10,761,523	\$	10,180,808	\$ 9,154,236	\$	8,103,709
Sales tax		1,964,652		1,730,180		1,998,786		2,251,771		1,769,539		1,744,918		1,553,432	1,477,607		1,353,292
Mixed beverage		34,685		37,202		37,065		33,948		36,163		29,620		27,864	24,675		31,103
Unrestricted grants and contributio	1	-		-		-		-		89,649		74,851		43,730	48,990		25,517
Investment earnings		71,411		32,848		79,340		280,494		356,684		299,310		174,064	61,053		46,609
Miscellaneous		81,780		265,427		136,644		176,507		-		-		-	-		-
Gain from sale of capital assets		-		-		15,776		52,706		274,266		-		-	 -		-
Total governmental activities		18,338,100		17,385,047		15,925,688	_	15,436,346		14,153,341	_	12,910,222		11,979,898	 10,766,561		9,560,230
Total primary government		18,338,100	_	17,385,047		15,925,688		15,436,346	_	14,153,341		12,910,222	_	11,979,898	 10,766,561		9,560,230
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS																	
Governmental activities		780,911		636,916	(	246,573)	_	521,843		578,000	_	955,746		2,256,707	 2,575,945	(	944,647)
Total primary government	\$	780,911	\$	636,916	\$ <u>(</u>	246,573)	\$	521,843	\$	578,000	\$	955,746	\$	2,256,707	\$ 2,575,945	\$ <u>(</u>	944,647)
Prior period adjustment/ Change in accounting principle	\$	-	\$ <u>(</u>	3,531,211)	\$		\$	-	\$	3,404,477	\$(	3,343,806)	\$ <u>(</u>	541,025)	\$ 2,508,171	\$	-

#### Source: Navarro County financial records

Note: Ten years of information is not available. The County did not implement GASB 34 until fiscal year 2003.

TABLE 2

#### FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fisca	al Yea	r	
		2011		2010		2009	 2008
General fund							
Reserved for prepaid items	\$	-	\$	215,777	\$	184,587	\$ 214,468
Unreserved, undesignated		-		2,942,509		2,611,547	3,286,889
Nonspendable		193,186		-		-	-
Committed		744,101		-		-	-
Unassigned		3,045,402	_	-	_		 
Total general fund	\$ <u></u>	3,982,689	\$	3,158,286	\$	2,796,134	\$ 3,501,357
All other governmental funds							
Reserved for:							
Debt service	\$	-	\$	103,316	\$	117,781	\$ 158,929
Capital projects fund		-		354,212		353,519	349,659
Grant expenditures		-		-		-	216
Prepaid items		-		-		3,452	-
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		-		2,215,786		2,020,173	1,933,319
Restricted		2,527,278			_		 
Total all other							
governmental funds	\$	2,527,278	\$	2,673,314	\$	2,494,925	\$ 2,442,123

Source: Navarro County financial records

Note: In fiscal year 2011 the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54.

					al Yea					2002			
2007		2006		2005		2004		2003		2002			
\$ - 2,948,940	\$	2,507,319	\$	2,311,517	\$	2,706,245	\$	- 286,858	\$	356,625			
 -	_	-		- - -	_	-		-	_	-			
\$ 2,948,940	\$	2,507,319	\$	2,311,517	\$	2,706,245	\$	286,858	\$	356,62			
\$ 157,029 338,521 145	\$	225,128 6,705 -	\$	217,512 9,002 -	\$	146,289 8,770 61	\$	25,731 8,673 53,770	\$	6,61 8,56			
 1,458,115	_	1,396,483	_	1,395,960	_	1,658,723	_	1,709,670 -		2,260,55			
\$ 1,953,810	\$	1,628,316	\$	1,622,474	\$	1,813,843	\$	1,797,844	\$	2,275,72			

#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
	2011	2010	2009	2008			
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 16,197,999	\$ 15,136,228	\$ 13,578,686	\$ 12,582,395			
Intergovernmental	5,688,961	4,829,871	5,306,197	5,365,900			
Licenses and permits	740,960	881,836	905,724	924,256			
Fees of office	1,399,448	1,694,932	1,805,455	1,932,416			
Fines and forfeitures	1,112,967	1,411,351	1,201,555	1,525,735			
Interest on investments	71,405	32,837	79,338	280,371			
Other	523,036	664,126	552,934	473,659			
Total revenues	25,734,776	24,651,181	23,429,889	23,084,732			
EXPENDITURES							
General government	4,818,429	4,957,144	4,987,296	4,769,753			
Judicial	2,361,726	2,417,668	2,313,420	2,303,243			
Public safety	11,071,165	10,499,944	10,450,626	10,137,780			
Health and welfare	556,545	683,546	577,157	486,507			
Roads and highways	4,225,633	4,078,947	4,143,951	3,429,274			
Capital outlay	1,073,119	985,149	1,246,781	321,583			
Debt service							
Principal	648,714	571,523	564,714	653,330			
Interest and fiscal charges	104,333	110,943	102,557	124,645			
Intergovernmental	424,810	143,882	115,916	146,065			
Total expenditures	25,284,474	24,448,746	24,502,418	22,372,180			
EXCESS OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	450,302	202,435	( 1,072,529)	712,552			

Fiscal Year								
2007	2007 2006		2005 2004		2002			
\$ 11,658,503	\$ 10,893,689	\$ 9.862.193	\$ 9,862,193	\$ 8,539,840	\$ 7,478,450			
\$ 11,658,503 5,007,527	5,074,899	\$ 9,862,193 4,409,319	\$ 9,862,193 4,409,319	\$ 8,339,840 4,771,585	\$ 7,478,450 4,764,121			
845,302	953,756	4,409,319 957,100	4,409,519 957,100	939,268	4,704,121 988,011			
2,034,084	1,791,271	1,511,807	1,511,807	1,354,578	1,289,472			
1,223,117		1,066,236	, ,	808,452	919,013			
351,055	1,219,525 299,310	61,054	1,066,236 61,054	46,608	120,510			
,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	,				
385,414	469,856	400,837	400,837	517,417	336,860			
21,505,002	20,702,306	18,268,546	18,268,546	16,977,748	15,896,437			
4,084,834	4,632,701	2,867,002	2,867,002	3,028,314	3,211,878			
1,861,415	1,708,627	1,468,486	1,468,486	1,359,930	1,564,788			
10,143,012	9,299,401	7,808,514	7,808,514	8,448,497	8,030,163			
640,522	547,236	541,133	541,133	633,710	630,842			
2,982,327	3,187,307	2,823,374	2,823,374	2,956,964	3,240,903			
731,251	998,598	196,725	196,725	476,811	679,002			
617,348	615,824	548,029	548,029	752,201	629,970			
129,902	150,667	327,352	327,352	368,969	397,897			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
21,190,611	21,140,361	16,580,615	16,580,615	18,025,396	18,385,443			
314,391	( 438,055)	1,687,931	1,687,931	( 1,047,648)	( 2,489,006)			

#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
		2011		2010		2009	 2008
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Transfers out		-		-		-	-
Increase in obligations - capital lease		207,484		335,790		371,479	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		20,581		2,316		48,629	68,706
Payment to escrow agent		-		-		-	-
Issuance of refunding bonds		-		-		-	-
Total other financing							
sources (uses)		228,065		338,106		420,108	 68,706
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	678,367	\$	540,541	\$ <u>(</u>	652,421)	\$ 781,258
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$ 200,708
DEBT SERVICES (PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST) AS PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES		3.10%		2.91%		2.87%	 4.37%

Source: Navarro County financial records

	Fiscal Year													
	2007		2006		2005		2004		2003		2002			
\$ (	10,000 10,000) 125,301	\$	639,700	\$	84,568 84,568)	\$ (	313,500 313,500)	\$ (	202,701 202,701) 500,000	\$ (	10,000 10,000)			
	336,758		-		-		-		-		-			
	-		-	(	4,410,297)		-		-		-			
					4,445,000									
	462,059		639,700		34,703				500,000		-			
\$	776,450	\$	201,645	\$	1,722,634	\$	1,687,931	\$ <u>(</u>	547,648)	\$ <u>(</u>	2,489,006)			
\$	-	\$		\$ <u>(</u>	541,025)	\$	2,508,171	\$		\$	_			
	3.79%		3.96%		4.30%		5.64%		6.82%		6.16%			

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#### ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

			F	Real Property							
Fiscal Year			Commercial Property		 Other Property		Personal Property	 Less: Tax-exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value <sup>a</sup>		Total Direct Tax Rate
2011	\$	1,513,783,990	\$	852,681,050	\$ 622,943,740	\$	843,596,443	\$ 794,462,630	\$	3,038,542,593	0.6270
2010		1,487,441,940		825,815,170	609,080,740		806,975,884	809,535,410		2,919,778,324	0.6270
2009		1,443,665,630		817,263,660	592,679,730		804,211,720	838,148,310		2,819,672,430	0.5754
2008		1,289,921,330		735,093,369	534,895,630		783,600,909	718,573,800		2,624,937,438	0.5828
2007		777,115,025		719,526,624	493,320,350		701,804,640	733,375,809		1,958,390,830	0.5828
2006		719,863,922		673,271,469	445,306,700		583,501,447	681,554,017		1,740,389,521	0.5973
2005		671,447,079		628,723,124	434,236,080		537,220,183	647,100,552		1,624,525,914	0.6243
2004		624,334,936		596,809,076	429,097,850		536,426,767	632,946,588		1,553,722,041	0.6246
2003		578,691,976		569,551,126	416,400,550		535,156,144	614,082,568		1,485,717,228	0.6246
2002		542,428,141		552,251,146	411,706,820		531,502,550	606,677,868		1,431,210,789	0.5860

#### Source: Navarro County Appraisal District

Notes:

- a Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value.
- b Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

#### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATE (PER \$ 100 ASSESSED VALUE)

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year									
	2	2011		2010		2009		2008			
County direct rates											
General	\$	0.4909	\$	0.4909	\$	0.4509	\$	0.4583			
Debt Service	φ	0.0200	φ	0.0200	ψ	0.4309	ψ	0.4383			
Road and bridge		0.1071		0.1071		0.0200		0.0200			
Flood control		0.0090		0.0090		0.0090		0.0090			
Total direct rate		0.6270		0.6270		0.5754		0.5828			
Cities											
Barry		0.3349		0.3393		0.3393		0.3237			
Blooming Grove		0.4900		0.4859		0.4859		0.4653			
Corsicana		0.6272		0.6272		0.6272		0.6272			
Dawson		0.4000		0.3783		0.3783		0.3783			
Emhouse		0.3072		0.3072		0.3072		0.3072			
Frost		0.5000		0.5000		0.5000		0.5000			
Goodlow		0.0897		0.0897		0.0897		0.0897			
Kerens		0.6434		0.6434		0.6434		0.6434			
Rice		0.4700		0.4200		0.4200		0.3700			
Richland		0.2056		0.2056		0.2056		0.2056			
School Districts											
Blooming Grove		1.1300		1.1300		1.1200		1.1200			
Corsicana		1.2830		1.2830		1.2830		1.2857			
Dawson		1.2900		1.2900		1.2900		1.2900			
Frost		1.2550		1.2550		1.2550		1.2850			
Kerens		1.1100		1.1100		1.1200		1.1227			
Mildred		1.2798		1.2798		1.2498		1.2838			
Rice		1.4200		1.4200		1.4200		1.4200			
Colleges											
Navarro College		0.1190		0.1190		0.1190		0.1190			

Source: Navarro County Appraisal District

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments that apply to property owners within Navarro County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all County property owners. For example, although the total Direct Rate for Navarro County applies to all County property owners, a specific City's tax rate applies only to those taxpayers whose property is located within the City's geographic boundaries. The Navarro College rate applies to all County property owners.

		Fisca	al Year			
 2007	 2006	 2005		2004	 2003	 2002
\$ 0.4583 0.0200 0.0955 0.0090 0.5828	\$ 0.4739 0.0313 0.0831 0.0090 0.5973	\$ 0.4870 0.0363 0.0920 0.0090 0.6243	\$	0.4818 0.0442 0.0896 0.0090 0.6246	\$ 0.4686 0.0574 0.0896 0.0090 0.6246	\$ 0.4367 0.0575 0.0828 0.0090 0.5860
0.3237 0.4653 0.6272 0.3783 0.3332 0.5000 0.8970 0.6329 0.3100 0.2068	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3279\\ 0.5000\\ 0.6272\\ 0.4143\\ 0.3332\\ 0.5000\\ 0.1000\\ 0.6584\\ 0.3200\\ 0.2009 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3345\\ 0.4940\\ 0.6272\\ 0.4516\\ 0.3341\\ 0.5000\\ 0.1000\\ 0.6107\\ 0.3063\\ 0.2056\end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} 0.3345\\ 0.4514\\ 0.6273\\ 0.4470\\ 0.3600\\ 0.5000\\ 0.1000\\ 0.5500\\ 0.2850\\ 0.2026\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3380 \\ 0.4383 \\ 0.5995 \\ 0.4335 \\ 0.3377 \\ 0.4834 \\ 0.1000 \\ 0.5500 \\ 0.2675 \\ 0.2082 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3380 \\ 0.4365 \\ 0.5995 \\ 0.4334 \\ 0.3377 \\ 0.4983 \\ 0.1000 \\ 0.5500 \\ 0.2500 \\ 0.2079 \end{array}$
1.1231 1.2850 1.2900 1.1150 1.1000 1.2427 1.1809	1.4530 1.5038 1.3700 1.4600 1.3060 1.3027 1.4882	1.5830 1.6746 1.5000 1.5650 1.4000 1.4220 1.5896		$\begin{array}{c} 1.5685\\ 1.6746\\ 1.5000\\ 1.5650\\ 1.4000\\ 1.4220\\ 1.5896\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.5781 \\ 1.5208 \\ 1.5000 \\ 1.5300 \\ 1.4000 \\ 1.4220 \\ 1.5720 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.5000 \\ 1.4908 \\ 1.5000 \\ 1.4300 \\ 1.4000 \\ 1.4220 \\ 1.5822 \end{array}$
0.1200	0.1350	0.1405		0.1405	0.1405	0.1405

#### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

#### CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

	Tax Year						
		2010				2001	
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value <sup>a</sup>	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Energy Transfer Fuel, LP	\$ 73,045,150	1	3.18%	\$	-		- %
HD USA 5147	46,870,610	2	2.04%		-		- %
Russell Stover Candies	46,518,140	3	2.03%		27,777,700	4	2.05%
Oncor Electric Delivery Co.	43,925,930	4	1.91%		32,000,680	2	2.36%
Natl. Ind. Portfolio Borrowers	36,936,320	5	1.61%		-		- %
True Value Company	32,697,650	6	1.42%		24,422,630	5	1.80%
Guardian Industries - Abated	28,643,210	7	1.25%		30,768,800	3	2.27%
Corsicana Technologies, Inc	25,664,420	8	1.12%		-		- %
Guardian Industries Corp.	22,251,050	9	0.97%		15,423,700	6	1.14%
Magellan Pipeline	21,925,300	10	0.95%		-		- %
K-Mart Corporation	-		- %		55,438,870	1	4.09%
Pactive Foam	-		- %		13,081,380	7	0.97%
Southwestern Bell Telephone	-		- %		12,809,440	8	0.94%
Exxon Mobil Pipeline	-		- %		11,427,090	9	0.84%
Tru-Serv Corporation	 -		%		11,115,930	10	0.82%
Total	\$ 378,477,780		13.30%	\$	234,266,220		17.28%
Total taxable assessed value	\$ 2,296,586,414		100.00%	\$	1,355,535,304		100.00%

Source: Navarro Central Appraisal District

#### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

## LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		Collected v Fiscal Year			Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Tax Levy as of Fiscal Year End <sup>a</sup>	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Collections	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2011	\$ 15,971,578	\$15,029,327	94.10%	\$ -	\$15,029,327	94.10%	
2010	15,531,325	14,513,973	93.45%	-	14,513,973	93.45%	
2009	14,028,658	13,567,457	96.71%	246,351	13,813,808	98.47%	
2008	12,873,626	12,388,389	96.23%	362,780	12,751,169	99.05%	
2007	11,705,948	11,393,385	97.33%	239,544	11,632,929	99.38%	
2006	10,897,426	10,486,115	96.23%	349,250	10,835,365	99.43%	
2005	10,185,754	9,501,283	93.28%	636,759	10,138,042	99.53%	
2004	9,741,985	8,984,655	92.23%	714,183	9,698,838	99.56%	
2003	8,736,464	7,861,313	89.98%	840,147	8,701,460	99.60%	
2002	7,891,809	6,878,775	87.16%	986,167	7,864,942	99.66%	

Source: Navarro County Tax Assessor/Collector

a - Tax levies consider supplemental value changes during the initial fiscal year. Note:

#### **RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE**

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

		Go	overnm	ental Activit	ies				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds			rtificates Obligation		Capital Leases	Total Long-term Debt	Percentage of Personal Income <sup>b,c</sup>	Per Capita <sup>b</sup>
2011	\$	1,970,000	\$	-	\$	614,899	\$ 2,584,899	N/A	54.06
2010		2,430,000		-		592,527	3,022,527	0.34%	63.32
2009		2,850,000		-		398,344	3,248,344	0.55%	65.70
2008		3,260,000		-		184,153	3,444,153	0.40%	70.36
2007		3,655,000		-		442,482	4,097,482	0.33%	83.71
2006		4,060,000		-		550,605	4,610,605	0.39%	95.16
2005		4,445,000		-		141,728	4,586,728	0.41%	94.19
2004		-		4,625,000		268,308	4,893,308	0.46%	101.68
2003		-		4,900,000		541,337	5,441,337	0.54%	114.87
2002		-		5,150,000		543,538	5,693,538	0.57%	121.60

Source: Navarro County financial records

- Notes: a Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
  - b See Table 13 for personal income and population data.

#### **RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING**<sup>a</sup>

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		Genera	l Bonded	Debt Outs	tanding	5					
Fiscal Year	0			ificates ligation		Total	Av	Less: Amounts vailable for ebt Service	Net General Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Property Value <sup>b</sup>	 Per Capita <sup>c</sup>
2011	\$	1,970,000	\$	-	\$	1,970,000	\$	107,392	\$ 1,862,608	0.06%	\$ 38.96
2010		2,430,000		-		2,430,000		103,316	2,326,684	0.08%	48.74
2009		2,850,000		-		2,850,000		117,781	2,732,219	0.09%	55.26
2008		3,655,000		-		3,655,000		143,082	3,511,918	0.13%	71.75
2007		3,260,000		-		3,260,000		279,195	2,980,805	0.15%	60.89
2006		4,060,000		-		4,060,000		225,128	3,834,872	0.22%	79.15
2005		4,445,000		-		4,445,000		217,512	4,227,488	0.26%	86.82
2004		-	4,	,625,000		4,625,000		146,289	4,478,711	0.29%	93.07
2003		-	4,	,900,000		4,900,000		25,731	4,874,269	0.33%	102.90
2002		-	5,	,150,000		5,150,000		6,611	5,143,389	0.36%	109.85

Source: Navarro County financial records

Notes: a - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

b - See Table 5 for property value data.

c - See Table 13 for population data.

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#### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

#### AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

(Unaudited)

	Percentage Overlapping Navarro County	Net Debt	Subtotals
Taxing Jurisdiction	County	Net Debt	Subtotals
County-wide			
Navarro County	100.00% \$	2,584,899	
Total direct debt	100.00%	\$	2,584,899
Cities			
Angus	100.00%	-	
Barry	100.00%	-	
Blooming Grove	100.00%	101,290	
Corsicana	100.00%	58,525,000	
Dawson	100.00%	309,266	
Emhouse	100.00%	-	
Eureka	100.00%	-	
Frost	100.00%	266,000	
Goodlow	100.00%	-	
Kerens	100.00%	309,980	
Mildred	100.00%	-	
Navarro Valley	100.00%	-	
Oak Valley	100.00%	-	
Powell	100.00%	-	
Retreat	100.00%	-	
Rice	100.00%	-	
Richland	100.00%	325,000	
Total Cities		59,836,536	
School District (% of assessed value)			
Blooming Grove	100.00%	2,203,789	
Bynum	0.63%	15,255	
Corsicana	100.00%	63,505,000	
Dawson	100.00%	4,667,712	
Ennis	0.42%	847,265	
Fairfield	3.65%	1,128,517	
Frost	98.71%	1,056,028	
Kerens	100.00%	2,634,595	
Mildred	100.00%	14,852,758	
Rice	100.00%	12,634,592	
Wortham	100.00%	8,259,251	
Total School Districts		111,804,762	
Colleges			
Navarro College	100.00%	32,001,116	
Total indirect debt	100.00%		203,642,414
Total direct and overlapping daht		\$	206,227,313
Total direct and overlapping debt		φ	200,227,313

Source: Net debt information in this table was obtained by direct contact with each jurisdiction without further verification, except school districts. School district information obtained from TEA website.

Note: The Percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the taxing entity's taxable value that is within the County's boundaries and dividing it by the taxing entity's total taxable assessed value.

#### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
	2011	2010	2009	2008						
Assessed value of real property	\$ 3,038,542,593	\$ 2,919,778,324	\$ 2,816,672,430	\$ 2,624,937,438						
Debt limit rate	5%	5%	5%	5%						
Debt limit Debt applicable to limit:	151,927,130	145,988,916	140,833,622	131,246,872						
Total bonded debt Less: amount set aside for repayment	1,970,000 94,083	2,430,000 107,392	2,850,000 177,069	3,655,000 143,082						
Total net debt applicable to limit	1,875,917	2,322,608	2,672,931	3,511,918						
Legal debt margin	\$ 150,051,213	\$ 143,666,308	\$ 138,160,691	<u>\$ 127,734,954</u>						
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	1.23%	1.59%	1.90%	2.68%						

Source: Navarro County financial records

Under Legislative provision, any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties, or any political subdivision of the state, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of twothirds majority of the resident property taxpayers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts, any issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this Constitution, and levy and collect taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof.

	Fiscal Year														
_	2007		2006		2005		2004	_	2003		2002				
\$	1,958,390,830 <u>5</u> %	\$	1,740,389,521 <u>5</u> %	\$	1,624,525,914 <u>5</u> %	\$	1,553,722,041 <u>5</u> %	\$	1,485,717,228 <u>5</u> %	\$	1,431,210,789 <u>5</u> %				
_	97,919,542		87,019,476		81,226,296	_	77,686,102	_	74,285,861		71,560,539				
_	3,655,000 215,793 3,439,207	_	4,060,000 225,128 3,834,872	_	4,445,000 217,512 4,227,488	-	4,625,000 146,289 4,478,711	-	4,900,000 25,731 4,874,269	_	5,150,000 6,611 5,143,389				
\$	94,480,335	\$	83,184,604	\$	76,998,808	\$	73,207,391	\$	69,411,592	\$	66,417,150				
	3.51%		4.41%		5.20%		5.77%		6.56%		7.19%				

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

#### LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(Unaudited)

Calendar Year	Estimated Population <sup>a</sup>	Personal Income (thousands of dollars) <sup>a</sup>	County Per Capita Personal Income <sup>a</sup>	School Enrollment <sup>b</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>c</sup>	State of Texas Per Capita Personal Income <sup>a</sup>	United States Per Capita Personal Income <sup>a</sup>
2011	47,812	N/A	N/A	11,790	6.1%	N/A	N/A
2010	47,735	\$ 895,079	\$ 18,751	9,644	9.3%	\$ 37,706	\$ 39,945
2009	49,440	892,886	18,060	9,493	8.3%	38,546	39,626
2008	48,950	856,760	16,874	9,439	5.7%	37,774	40,208
2007	48,950	1,234,910	25,228	9,570	5.0%	37,187	38,611
2006	48,450	1,196,404	24,359	9,421	4.9%	35,058	36,629
2005	48,695	1,126,606	23,136	N/A	5.1%	33,160	34,685
2004	48,123	1,067,445	22,182	N/A	5.7%	30,887	33,072
2003	47,371	1,012,538	21,375	N/A	7.6%	29,340	31,466
2002	46,820	993,636	21,222	N/A	6.5%	28,793	30,795

Sources:

b - Texas Education Agency

c - U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Certain of above data have been left blank as the information is not available to Navarro County at this time.

a - Texas Workforce Commission , U. S Census Bureau , Bureau of Economic Analysis

#### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

#### (Unaudited)

			2011
			Percentage of
			Total County
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Employment <sup>a</sup>
Russell Stover Candies	Candy Manufacturing	825	4.09%
Corsicana I.S.D	Government/Education	802	3.98%
Kohl's Distribution Center/ Call Center	Warehousing/retail	500	2.48%
Guardian Industries	Glass Manufacturing	390	1.94%
Navarro Regional Hospital	Hospital	350	1.74%
Corsicana State Home	Texas State Commission	338	1.68%
City of Corsicana	Government/City	304	1.51%
Navarro County	Government/County	284	1.41%
Home Depot Distribution Center	Building Materials	265	1.32%
Navarro College	College	264	1.31%
Oil City Iron Works	Castings	200	0.99%
Corsicana Bedding	Bedding	190	0.94%
Lance Manufacturing	Snack Foods	170	0.84%
Trinity Mother Francis	Health Care	156	0.77%
Medical Arts Clinic	Health Care	156	0.77%
Tru- Serve / True Value Distribution	Hardware store distribution center	152	0.75%
Navarro Pecan Company	Pecan Shellers	150	0.74%
PACTIV	Polysterene food Containers	139	0.69%
JELD-WEN, Inc	Vinyl windows and doors	135	0.67%
Gander Mountain	Outdoor retail supplier	73	0.36%
Texas Industries (TXI)	Road Materials	70	0.35%
Trimmings	Candle, Decorator Outlet	69	0.34%
Collin Street Bakery	Fruitcakes (seasonal)	66	0.33%
Northdrop Grunman Information Technology	Information Technology	60	0.30%
Falcon Business Forms	Printed Business Forms	55	0.27%
Cresline	Plastic Pipe	50	0.25%
Mobil/Exxon Pipeline	Storage Facility	50	0.25%
Aetna Glass	Glass Fabricators	45	0.22%
Firestone Building Products	Building Materials	35	0.17%
Total		6,343	31.48%

#### Total

Source: Corsicana/Navarro County Chamber of Commerce

Note: Information for 2002 is not available.

a - September 30, 2011, total employment per Texas Workforce Commission

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## FULLTIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

#### LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

				I	Fiscal Year				
Function/Program	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
General government									
Elected/appointed officials	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Clerical	37	37	36	44	42	42	40	38	38
Building maintenance	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Environmental	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	5 1	1
	2	2	-	2	-	-	2	1	1
Judicial									
Judges/justices of the peace	6	6	6	7	6	6	6	6	6
Criminal District Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant prosecutors	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Paraprofessionals	5	5	4	5	6	6	6	6	6
Clerical	13	13	14	13	11	10	10	5	8
Public safety									
County sheriff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Constables	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Patrol/CID	28	40	34	29	29	26	27	30	31
Jailers	72	77	67	78	79	64	66	63	64
Administration	12	18	20	15	23	27	19	14	29
Juvenile probation	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1
Communications	13	13	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare									
Indigent health care	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Roads and highways									
County Commissioners	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Road employees	34	34	33	33	32	36	34	35	39
Total	248	271	255	250	255	244	235	223	247

Source: Navarro County Treasurer

Note: Information from 2002 is not available.

#### **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM**

#### LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year		
Function/Program	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government					
Auditor's office					
Accounts payable checks issued	8,474	9,232	11,576	9,389	9,673
Treasurer's office					
Payroll checks issued	1,568	1,706	1,906	2,192	2,573
Cash receipts issued	3,538	2,727	2,611	2,959	2,456
County clerk					
Marriage licenses issued	400	395	380	377	425
Declarations of informal marriage	9	14	4	7	12
Birth certificates issued	474	470	650	1,864	1,938
Death certificates issued	379	393	553	451	468
Tax office					
Title transactions	10,554	10,079	9,873	11,343	11,043
Registration transactions	49,015	48,819	48,746	48,077	46,857
Tax certificates issued	1,569	1,602	1,496	1,731	1,868
Liquor receipts issued	16	25	39	32	36
Beer and wine receipts issued	13	44	53	45	52
Elections administration					
Number of registered voters	26,448	26,233	26,949	25,067	27,555
Judicial					
District court					
Civil cases filed	1,264	1,377	1,413	1,422	1,468
Civil cases disposed	1,035	1,401	1,330	1,307	1,666
Criminal cases filed	827	777	696	730	1,058
Criminal cases disposed	876	873	791	814	730
Juvenile cases filed	28	51	62	41	46
Juvenile cases disposed	28	55	67	44	59
County court					
Civil cases filed	1,264	183	138	109	111
Civil cases disposed	1,035	144	121	94	99
Criminal cases filed	827	1,382	1,476	1,948	2,783
Criminal cases disposed	876	1,702	2,074	2,054	2,534
Justices of the peace					
Civil cases filed	549	475	462	764	524
Civil cases disposed	403	402	511	491	421
Criminal cases filed	6,813	8,130	7,246	10,256	10,917
Criminal cases disposed	7,285	7,915	6,563	10,595	10,465

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

Information from 2002 is not available.

Fiscal Year				
2006	2005	2004	2003	
9,655	11,513	11,387	13,914	
2,870	3,215	3,411	3,776	
2,315	2,744	2,878	3,069	
435	432	402	483	
5	7	6	9	
1,918	1,897	2,046	1,940	
461	427	439	438	
11,144	1,593	10,806	10,952	
46,561	44,930	42,901	41,994	
1,606	1,988	1,844	2,061	
17	70	22	7	
54	41	28	N/A	
27,122	27,396	26,670	27,270	
1,545	1,146	1,366	1,354	
1,435	1,289	1,478	1,446	
881	762	759	686	
675	707	744	643	
51	45	66	48	
44	58	65	42	
144	96	148	116	
89	99	118	86	
2,663	2,551	2,277	1,815	
2,425	2,311	1,882	1,727	
495	453	484	561	
410	358	422	438	
11,414	11,775	12,301	10,228	
9,660	10,220	9,680	9,851	

#### (continued)

#### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Continued) LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year		
Function/Program	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Public Safety					
County jail					
Detention officers	72	72	72	78	63
Total persons jailed	4,232	4,201	3,813	3,806	3,832
Average prisoner days	205	194	190	231	233
Cost per prisoner day	\$ 65.74	\$ 71.70	\$ 76.19	\$ 105.33	\$ 50.97
County sheriff	φ 00.71	φ /1./0	φ (0.1)	φ 100.00	φ 50.97
Administration officers	12	12	12	15	12
Patrol officers	24	24	24	24	24
Detectives	7	7	7	7	7
Environmental officers	2	2	2	2	2
Arrests - NCSO	1,406	1,406	1,447	1,366	1,444
Warrants served- NCSO	633	699	693	674	812
Communications					-
Communications officers	13	13	13	13	13
911 calls	22,177	20,532	20,792	20,585	19,600
Calls for service	16,841	17,443	18,013	17,883	18,004
NCSO vehicles	,	,	,	,	,
Vehicles in fleet	66	66	69	56	60
Miles driven	1,216,911	932,488	920,401	959,457	869,662
Average miles per vehicle	18,438	14,129	13,945	17,133	14,494
Gasoline used (gallons)	64,484	64,720	61,420	57,971	65,435
Health and welfare					
Number of pauper burial/cremation	2	6	2	5	7
Indigent health care					
Applications approved for assistance	-	192	155	97	120
Texas AgriLife Extension Service					
Number of educational presentations	338	332	454	243	410
Number of participants in					
educational presentations	11,825	20,405	16,564	9,930	14,866
Roads and highways					
Miles of roadways chip sealed	16	1	2.0	1.6	-
Miles of roadways reconstructed	30	82	12.0	3.7	2.2
Miles of roadways overlayed	16	35	-	33.7	0.0
Number of culverts installed	95	47	45	49	76

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

Information from 2002 is not available.

		Fis	scal Year	
_	2006	2005	2003	
	51	50	53	51
	4,077	4,194	4,178	3,880
	205	212	198	198
\$	50.05	\$ 45.27	\$ 43.58	\$ 45.56
	12	12	12	12
	24	23	20	20
	7	7	7	6
	2	2	1	1
	1,378	1,470	1,243	1,181
	729	793	595	545
	13	13	13	13
	20,200	N/A	N/A	N/A
	18,931	19,602	17,951	16,134
	66	64	56	57
	980,468	867,876	959,457	947,434
	14,418	13,506	17,133	17,018
	57,958	53,081	57,971	57,657
	7	4	5	6
	109	121	97	80
	258	238	243	220
	12,243	10,502	9,930	9,097
	4.1	6.9	1.6	1.7
	6.4	5.0	3.7	3.8
	34.8	37.8	33.7	22.3
	72	45	49	65

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

#### LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

				l	Fiscal Year				
Function/Program	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
General government									
Courthouse	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Touchscreen voting machines	135	135	135	135	135	135	120	-	-
Security scan systems	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
Public safety									
Justice center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheriff's vehicles	67	68	68	69	60	66	64	56	57
Emergency management									
Mobile command center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Emergency operations center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Roads and highways									
County maintenance facilities	5	5	5	4	4	5	5	5	5
Miles of road	916	916	916	916	916	916	928	928	928
Bridges	85	85	85	84	84	84	87	87	87

Sources: County Auditor - Capital Asset Listing Sheriff's Office Texas Department of Transportation County Commissioners

Note: Information from 2002 is not available.

# **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

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## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Navarro County, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Navarro County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting (Items 2011-1 and 2011-2). A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the County's response and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Commissioners' Court, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

March 29, 2012



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Navarro County, Texas

#### **Compliance**

We have audited Navarro County, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2011. Navarro County, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Navarro County, Texas' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Navarro County, Texas' compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Navarro County, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Navarro County, Texas' compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Navarro County, Texas, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2011.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Navarro County, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Navarro County, Texas' internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A mat*erial weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Commissioners' Court, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

March 29, 2012

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed through Texas Department of Rural Affairs:			
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	710017	\$ 157,556
Total Passed through Texas Department of Rural Affairs	8		157,556
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Developr	nent		157,556
<u>U. S. Department of Justice</u> Direct Programs:			
State Criminal Alien Assistance Grant	16.572	2011-H4078-TX-AP	31,329
Total Direct Programs			31,329
Passed through Office of the Governor Criminal Justice Divisio	n		
Victim's Assistance Grant	16.575	VA-09-V30-21620-02	19,556
Victim's Assistance Grant	16.575	VA-11-V30-21620-03	4,477
Total Passed through Office of the Governor Criminal Ju-	ustice Divisi	on	24,033
Total U. S. Department of Justice			55,362
U. S. Elections Assistance Commission			
Passed through Texas Secretary of State:			
HAVA - General Compliance	90.401	78650	18,224
Total Passed through Texas Secretary of State:			18,224
Total U.S. Elections Assistance Commission			18,224
U.S. Office of National Drug Control Policy			
Direct Programs:			
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)	95.001	18PNTP501	35,336
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)	95.001	G09NT0001A	272,578
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)	95.001	G10NT0001A	1,453,409
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)	95.001	G11NT0001A	908,575
Total Direct Programs			2,669,898
Total U. S. Office of National Drug Control Policy			2,669,898
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$2,901,040

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

#### 1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of Navarro County, Texas, for the year ended September 30, 2011. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the County's financial statements. Federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies and other agencies are included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

## 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the County's financial statements.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

## Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements: Type of auditors' report issued	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements	
noted?	None
Federal Awards:	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance	
for major programs	Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required	
to be reported in accordance with Section	
510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?	None
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program:
95.001	High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A	
and type B programs	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

(continued)

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

## <u>Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are</u> <u>Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally</u> <u>Accepted Government Auditing Standards</u>

Item	2011	-1:
------	------	-----

Condition:	Clerks in the District Clerk's office share one cash drawer and one password when processing cash collections.
<u>Criteria</u> :	Internal controls should be in place to prevent or detect fraudulent activities.
<u>Cause</u> :	The controls over cash collections are not properly designed.
Effect:	The lack of controls creates an easy way for money to be taken or lost with no way of tracing the transaction.
Recommendation:	Each clerk who takes in cash should have their own cash drawer and their own password. In addition, passwords should not be shared with other clerks.
Management's Response:	Management will review the activities in the office and develop procedures to prevent and detect fraudulent activity.
Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:	Joshua Tackett – District Clerk
Anticipated Completion Date:	Fiscal year 2012
<u>Item 2011-2</u> :	
Condition:	The revolving and clearing bank account is not reconciled to the general ledger monthly.
<u>Criteria</u> :	All bank reconciliations should be performed timely in order to detect errors intentional or unintentional.
Cause:	Internal controls to ensure the revolving and clearing bank account is reconciled timely are not implemented.

## (continued)

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

## <u>Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are</u> <u>Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally</u> <u>Accepted Government Auditing Standards</u>

Item 2011-2: (Continued)

Effect:	The lack of controls creates an environment in which errors could go undetected within a timely manner.
Recommendation:	The revolving and clearing bank account should be reconciled monthly.
Management's Response:	Management will review the process over revolving and clearing bank reconciliations.
Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:	Frank Hull – County Treasurer
Anticipated Completion Date:	Fiscal year 2012

#### Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None

## **ROBERTSON COUNTY, TEXAS**

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

## <u>Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are</u> <u>Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally</u> <u>Accepted Government Auditing Standards</u>

None

**Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards** 

None